

What Is Home With-
out the Republican

The Daily Republican.

Weather
Fair tonight and Sunday.

Vol. 10. No. 80.

Rushville, Indiana, Saturday Evening, June 14, 1913.

Single Copies, 2 Cents.

INJURIES FOUND TO BE SERIOUS

**William Foster's Left Lung is Af-
fected as Result of Automobile
Accident Near Greensburg.**

INFLAMMATION DEVELOPING

**Milroy Man, Who Was not Believed
to be Hurt at First, Constantly
Attended by Physician.**

Mrs. Ethel Douthit, a daughter of William Foster, one of the Milroy men, who were seriously injured in the wreck of their automobile near the Hamilton green house, just north of Greensburg, the first of the week, when the car was ditched and turned turtle, as a result of an exploding tire, was a caller at this office and conveyed the information that her father is in a serious condition, says the Greensburg News.

It is now feared that the left lung was affected in the accident and while inflammation has set in, the sufferer is also threatened with pneumonia. He is not resting very easy and a physician is constantly in attendance.

Other members of the party are said to be getting well of their hurts as readily as could be expected under the circumstances.

Mrs. Douthit corrects the impression that the car of her father was demolished. Later examination shows that the bed, wind shield, and dash were alone broken, and the engine and radiator were undamaged. Repairs for the car will not exceed seventy-five dollars, she says.

She also says that no attempt was made by the people in the Foster car to pass the Humes machine. It is alleged that the Humes car was at least three telephone poles lengths ahead of the Foster car when the left rear tire blew out, causing the machine to skid into the ditch. Mrs. Douthit says her father tells her that he made no attempt to pass the car ahead and that he was not traveling at a speed in excess of twenty miles an hour when the accident occurred.

SECOND CHILD CRITICAL

**Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Carl
Crews Buried Today.**

Friday, the thirteenth, 1913, brought misfortune to Mr. and Mrs. Carl Crews of East Eighth street, because one of their children died and another one took critically ill. The two-year-old child expired early yesterday morning while Mrs. Crews and five children were visiting relatives in Hamilton, Ohio. The body arrived here this morning, accompanied by the parents, and was taken to East Hill cemetery for burial. The other child is in momentary danger of dying and little hopes is held out for it. The nature of its ailment is not exactly determined.

TWO HOODOO BABIES.

Two Rushville babies have the distinction of being born on the day the double hoodoo, Friday, the thirteenth, 1913. The second child was a bouncing boy weighing nine and a half pounds which came to grace the home of Mr. and Mrs. Will Wagoner, 432 Cottage avenue. The child was born last night. The first Rushville hopeful arriving yesterday was born to the wife of Arthur Trennepohl.

FINALLY MARRIES GIRL

**Oliver Leisure and Mamie Weevie Se-
cure License.**

Oliver Leisure and Mamie Weevie were granted a marriage license this morning. Leisure is 37 years old and the girl is 17 years old. About a year ago the Weevie girl was sent to the Indiana Girls' School at Clearmont by the juvenile court and Leisure along with several other men and boys served a jail sentence, being convicted in juvenile court. All were convicted for contributing to the delinquency of the Weevie girl. Leisure at the time of the trial told the court that he loved the Weevie girl and then securing the license this morning must prove his statement.

ASKS KNIGHTS TO HELP LOCATE GIRL

**Grand Chancellor Gaither of New Al-
bany Sends Out Plea to K. of
P. Lodges in Indiana.**

TO FIND CATHERINE WINTERS

John W. Gaither of New Albany, grand chancellor of the Indiana Knights of Pythias yesterday issued a circular letter to all the Knights of Pythias lodges in the state calling upon the members to aid in the search for Catherine Winters, the young daughter of Dr. W. A. Winters, a member of the order, who mysteriously disappeared from her home in Newcastle nearly three months ago. A reward was discussed, but Grand Chancellor Gaither is of the opinion that a reward is not necessary to stimulate Indiana Knights to aid a brother in distress.

FLAGS DISPLAYED ON ANNIVERSARY

**No General Observance of the Day,
However, Except by Local
Chapter of the D. A. R.**

LITTLE GIRLS GIVE PROGRAM

Flag day was remembered in Rushville today by more people than in recent years. Flags were prominently displayed in the business part of the city and many people in the residence portion of the city were thoughtful enough to display the Stars and Stripes. This is the anniversary of the adoption of the national emblem. In times of peace it is sometimes difficult to arouse any general demonstration of reverence for the flag, though the love of it lying asleep in the public heart, is known to exist, no less potential because it is unspectacular.

About the only observance of the day by an organization was that held by the local chapter of the D. A. R. at the home of Mrs. A. P. Walker west of the city this afternoon. The program consisted for the most part of fancy dances and appropriate drills by little girls, who were dressed in costumes especially for the occasion. The girls who took part were: Lillian Priest, Josephine Scholl, Phyllis Casady, Mary Louise Wyatt, Margaret Herkless, Virginia Haydon, Elizabeth Pierson, Blanche Peters, Catherine Wylie, Helen Pierson, Janet Dean, Helen Thomas and Norma Headlee. A Virginia reel given by little boys and girls was also a feature.

INTEREST HERE IN HOME COMING

**Practically Every Graduate and For-
mer Student of Earlham College
Will Attend Reunion.**

PROF. E. P. TRUEBLOOD HERE

**Finds Eager Enthusiasm in Antici-
pation of Event in County, Es-
pecially at Carthage.**

Practically every graduate and former student of Earlham college in Rush county plans to attend the home coming which is being arranged in connection with the forty-third annual commencement which will be held the week of June 22.

Prof. E. P. Trueblood visited cities in central Indiana this week to stimulate the interest in the proposed return of former students. He was here and at Carthage, and received reassuring reports of a large attendance. He reported that he found that every former student and graduate in Carthage would be present. Carthage is a stronghold of the Friends church practically every college graduate or former college student there attended Earlham.

L. B. Smelser, of the Rushville high school faculty, an Earlham graduate has been assigned to arrange for the reunion of a group of classes. Mr. and Mrs. Birney D. Spradling have been assigned to places on two committees which are arranging for various features of the home coming.

Sunday morning, June 22, at 10:30 o'clock Professor Elbert Russell will deliver the baccalaureate sermon. In the evening the public meeting of the Christian Association will be addressed by Dr. Rayner Wickersham Kelsey, professor of history at Haverford college.

Monday afternoon the commencement drive will last from 2:30 to 7 o'clock. In the evening the Ionian and Phoenix literary societies will present their play on the Chase outdoor stage. The leading parts of the play will be taken by Brandon Griffiths, Richmond; Loraine Pearson and Hazel Meek, Richmond.

On Tuesday several thousand old Earlham students and visitors are expected. All guests are to register in front of Lindley hall and their assemble in various groups according to the years of their attendance at Earlham. A pageant of students and guests, followed by a program on Chase stage will be held in the morning. In the afternoon will be another program of music and speeches. Jos. G. Cannon and Jos. M. Dixon will make the principal addresses. At 4 o'clock the Earlham varsity baseball team will play a team of alumni. In the evening the seniors will present Henry Van Dyke's "The House of Rimmon" on the Chase stage. Leroy Jones, Hughsville, Md., will be seen in the part of Naahman; Miss Gertrude Simms, Chicago, as Ruah-mah; Miss Agnes Kelly, Richmond, as Tsarpi and John Ranney, Brookville, Md., as Rezon.

The commencement address will be delivered Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock by Dean Elwood Chappel Perisho, of the University of South Dakota. The degrees will be conferred by President Kelly, of Earlham college.

CHILDREN'S DAY PROGRAM.

Children's Day will be observed at the First Baptist church Sunday evening at seven-thirty o'clock. Instead of the usual preaching services, a program to be given by the children has been arranged. A large attendance is asked on this occasion.

BLOCK SYSTEM LAW HELD VALID

**Marion Circuit Court Judge Decides
C. H. & D. Can't Escape Penalty
on Unconstitutional Plea.**

MAKES RULING IN LOCAL CASE

**Two Railroads Attempting to Defeat
Case Argue That Uncertainty
Makes Law Void.**

Judge Remster of the Marion circuit court, yesterday decided that the law providing for the installation of automatic block signal systems by railroads operating in Indiana is valid. The court overruled demurrers to complaints filed against the Lake Erie & Western Railroad Company and the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railroad Company, by the railroad commission of Indiana, which is seeking to recover penalties against the railroad companies for their failure to install block signal systems.

The decision strengthens the power of the public service commission which absorbed the railroad commission under the act passed by the last general assembly.

The Lake Erie & Western Railroad Commission was charged by the commission with having failed to install an automatic block signal system between Lafayette, Ind., and Templeton, Ind. The Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railroad company was charged with having failed to install a block signal system between Glenwood, Ind., and the Ohio state line. The same questions were involved in both suits, and Judge Remster made his ruling apply to both cases.

Attorneys for the railroad companies attacked the law, which is an amendment to a law passed in 1907, which has been held void by the supreme court because of uncertainty. It was urged by the attorneys for the railroad company that the amendment is void because of uncertainty. That it is void because the act which is amended is void and that as an independent act it is void for want of title. It was also charged that the amendment is in violation of the state and national constitutions.

In referring to the amendment, which was enacted in 1911, Judge Remster said the law expressly provided that the defendants should install automatic block signal systems by January 1, 1912. "This can not be said to be uncertain," said Judge Remster, "It did not leave the defendants in doubt as to what they should do. They could make complete compliance by installing the named system without reference to the commission."

Section 2 of the amendment was attacked on the ground that the legislature had delegated legislative powers to the commission in that it was provided that the commission shall have the power to grant extensions of time when it shall be made to appear that reasonable necessity for such extension shall exist.

Judge Remster said that as far as these cases were concerned the validity of Section 2 did not enter into the question. He said as long as Section 1, providing that railroad companies shall install such systems and the section containing the penalty clause are valid, Section 2 may be disregarded. The court pointed out that had the defendants complied with Section 1 no penalties would ever have attached to them.

As to the legislature delegating illegal power to the commission, Judge Remster said the legislature had the right to enact a general law and may therein authorize an administrative body or officer to in-

Continued on Page 5

DEATH COMES TO JOHN GING

**Expires From Cancer After Several
Months' Illness.**

John F. Ging, 56 years old, died last night at ten-thirty o'clock at his home in Gings Station. Mr. Ging had been ill for several months suffering from cancer and death was expected. He was a son of the late Andy Ging and is survived by one brother, Lew Ging and two sisters, Miss Nellie Ging and Mrs. James Leonard. The funeral services will be conducted Sunday afternoon at two o'clock at the late residence and burial will take place in the Fairview cemetery.

WOMEN'S HOME TO BE DEDICATED

**Property Near Waldron Left by De-
los H. Thompson Will be For-
mally Opened With Ceremony.**

RUSHVILLE WOMAN IS GUEST

The Delos H. Thompson Home for Aged Women near Waldron will be dedicated Sunday. The home is already informally opened and there are two guests, Mrs. Emily P. Wilkie of this city and Mrs. D. G. Custer.

Mr. Thompson's will provided for the home, setting aside the Thompson homestead and forty acres of land. The farm is on the edge of Waldron, on the hillside of connect creek, the building standing in a valley.

The building is a brick structure of ten rooms, with a sunroom for the guests. A natural gas well on the farm supplies fuel. A hot and cold water plant has been installed for the toilets and bath.

Mrs. Della Beagle, of Indianapolis, is the matron, and Mrs. Sallie Peterson, of Waldron, is secretary of the board of trustees.

FAMOUS CIRCUS IS SOLD

**Wallace-Hagenbeck Shows to be
Managed by Corporation.**

The Wallace-Hagenbeck shows which have appeared in Rushville several times, have been sold to J. O. Talbot, formerly legal adjustor of the company, C. T. Cory, E. M. Ballard, Charles Hagaman, R. M. Harvey and Walter Driver. The new company has been capitalized in this state for \$300,000. Several of the purchasers have been connected in official capacities with the company for several years. B. E. Wallace, who formerly owned the controlling interest in the company, will retire this summer. He had announced that this would be his last year, and it is probably that he will not retain the management during the present season.

LEWISVILLE PRINCIPAL.

W. L. Edwards, who was principal at the Richsquare high school during the last school year, has been engaged to act as principal of the Lewisville high school during the coming year. Patrons of the Richsquare school who know Mr. Edwards' qualifications are emphatic in their approval of his selection to take charge of the new high school.

MARRIAGE LICENSE.

A marriage license was issued this afternoon to Paul Anderson of Newcastle and Miss Hazel Bridges.

ORPHANS' HOME HEAD IS NAMED

**Temple H. Dunn of Marengo, Ind., is
Elected Superintendent of State
Institution Near Knightstown.**

TO ASSUME DUTIES JULY FIRST

**Home Without Head Since May 1,
When Daniel Ryan of Morris-
town Handed in Resignation.**

Temple H. Dunn of Marengo, Ind., was elected superintendent of the Indiana Soldiers' and Sailors' Orphans' Home at Knightstown by the board of trustees yesterday at a meeting in Governor Ralston's office. He will assume his duties July 1.

Mr. Dunn was chosen to fill a vacancy which has existed since May 1, when the resignation of the Rev. Daniel Ryan of Morristown, who had been superintendent a year, became effective. Dunn will receive a salary of \$1,500, together with an allowance for household expenses.

Dunn is now superintendent of schools at Marengo. He is one of the oldest teachers, in point of service, in the state, having taught almost continuously since he was graduated in 1877 from Hartsville College. During his career he has been a ward principal in Fort Wayne, Ind; Hannibal, Mo., and Quincy, Ill. He also has been superintendent of schools at Lebanon and Crawfordsville. He has been at Marengo for the last three or four years.

Though he entered the Union army in 1861, Mr. Dunn is only 67 years old and is in robust health. He was little more than 15 years old when he enlisted as a member of Company H, Thirty-ninth Indiana Regiment. He served throughout the war and was discharged a sergeant major.

Several applications for the superintendency were considered, but the trustees were unanimous in their choice of Dunn. Four hundred and

Continued on Page 8

"Etiquette" in Advertising

Up to within the last few years it has been considered a breach of etiquette in certain businesses and professions to advertise.

These men have said, "Oh yes, advertising is all very well for the butcher, the baker, the candlestick maker, but it would not do at all for us. It is not good business ethics."

In later years, however, that idea is being abandoned, together with a lot of other old and wornout theories.

The public now looks to the advertising section of the good newspapers for information on all subjects. The demand has created the supply.

People want to know not only where they can spend their money, but where and how to invest it. This has led bankers, brokers and other professional men to tell their stories in the best newspapers.

The advertising pages of a newspaper like THE DAILY Republican are a veritable index of most lines of business activity in this community, and the day is not far distant when every legitimate business and every recognized profession will understand the value of advertising.

Prepare for Heated Season

by visiting our department of Hot Weather Dresses, Skirts, Waists, Blouses Underwear and Hosiery. You will find they combine Comfort and Taste. Your needs in piece goods can be well filled at our counters where Tub Silks, Voiles, Non-Crushable Linens, Tissues, Ratines, Flaxons and Gingham are found in pleasing abundance and pattern.

CORSETS—Warner's Rust Proof, Mme. Pfeil, Front Lace.

HOSE—Geneva Silk for Ladies Topsy Non-Tearable for Children.

GLOVES—Kayser's Silk

Guffin Dry Goods Co.

CLEANEST STOCK

BEST SERVICE

Do You Want a Beautiful French Plate, Heavy Bevel Mirror



Hat Rack in Frame of Mahogany white or gold? We have made arrangements where we can sell you

A Regular \$2.50 Mirror Size 17x17 inches for 98c, With Each \$2.50 Shoe Purchase.

Come In and Let Us Show You
Repairing Neatly and Promptly Done

BEN A. COX, The Shoe Man

V. J. JONES & CO.

Tailors, Dry Cleaners and Pressers

For the best work see us. Your garments called for and delivered. Phone 1043.

Automobile Repairing

We are prepared to do automobile repairing and vulcanizing
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

Give Us a Trial On Your Livery Hire

Rushville Vulcanizing Co.

Phone 3280 O. F. Bussard, Prop. Second St.

Belief and Enthusiasm characterize the successful man

And he doesn't start out until he has something to believe in.

Think this over. Connect your thought with

CLARK'S PURITY FLOUR.

Removal Notice

Wolcott, the Druggist, has moved just across the street north side of the alley in the Tyner room.

WE ARE READY FOR BUSINESS

Watch This Space for His Announcement

REDUCTION OF ZONES IS ASKED

Change in Parcel Post System is Demanded Because They Are Alleged to be Discriminating.

MORE ZONES, MORE TROUBLE

General Opinion That the Insurance Charge of 10 Cents up to \$50 Valuation is Too High.

Postmaster-General Burleson is getting many petitions and resolutions from merchants' associations in various parts of the country with respect to the parcel post service. Apparently the merchants everywhere feel that the service might be improved by some changes in the regulations. So far the associations heard from are not asking for changes in the parcel post law. Under the law the postmaster-general has considerable discretion in making regulations, and the view of the merchants is that the shortcomings which they see in the service as it is now administered can be corrected by the postmaster-general, without any assistance from the congress.

The merchants' associations in the large eastern cities are all opposed to the present zone system. They want the zones eliminated or reduced in number. They insist that the zone system created by Postmaster-General Hitchcock discriminates against all those portions of the country which lie at or near its boundaries, and in favor of those portions which lie in the interior. It is asserted by the associations of the eastern cities that the aggregate of the parts of the country discriminated against in this way far exceeds in area and in population those parts which lie in the central part of the country and have the full benefit of the operation of the law.

In their demand that the zones be eliminated or reduced in number, the merchants in the eastern cities say: "In the very nature of the zone system, the greater the number of zones, the more aggravated the results, while the smaller the number of

zones, the closer to a minimum the injurious results approximate. More over from the standpoint of the operation of the parcel post as an administrative matter, as well as from the standpoint of use by shippers, we believe that the reduction of zones to the smallest possible number would be beneficial. The greater the number of zones, the more complicated the question of rates, and the more labor and greater the cost of administration in the department."

There is one thing on which the merchants in every section of the country seem to be agreed, and it is that the insurance rate of 10 cents a package, up to a valuation of \$50, is too high. Representation is made by the merchants to the postmaster-general that most of the shippers have refused to continue to use the postoffice insurance. Besides the objection based on excessive rate merchants point out that the department is too slow in making payment for losses. It is shown that under the law these payments must be made out of appropriations made exclusively for that purpose, and are made only after careful and minute investigation of the circumstances surrounding each particular claim. The merchants suggest that, either by administrative regulation or if necessary, by legislative enactment, the insurance rate should be placed on a reasonable basis, and that the premiums derived therefrom should constitute a separate fund to be used by the postoffice department for the payment of losses, and the request is made that a system be devised whereby payment may be made with reasonable promptness.

The merchants' association also very generally urge that the use of a distinctive stamp for parcel post packages be dispensed with, and that the ordinary stamps be used. It is pointed out that many business houses receive remittances in postage stamps, as it is the most convenient method of small remittances now provided by the government.

These stamps, it is pointed out, usually far exceed the requirements of the receiving house for ordinary postal purposes and it would be a distinct advantage if these stamps could be used on parcels. It is also asserted that the use of ordinary stamps would be of great benefit to the masses of the people who are not in business and who have occasion, from time to time, to ship packages by parcel post.

The merchants' association continue to complain about the present method of transporting fragile goods in parcel post. It is asserted that the damage to goods of his character is so great that many merchants who hoped to make large use of the parcel post have been greatly discouraged in the use of this system of transportation, and have in many instances abandoned it. The suggestion is made that the postoffice department install some system of appropriate containing for fragile goods.

The postmaster-general is giving serious thought to the suggestions that are coming in from the merchants' associations. It is altogether likely that he will shortly make some important changes in the rules and regulations governing the administration of the service. It is not at all decided that he will dispense with the zone system. The department officials seem to believe that this system is working very well. Generally speaking, the people of the country seem to be fairly well satisfied with the system as it is now administered, but the postmaster-general says that if he can make it more useful to the merchants he will, of course, be glad to do it.

Notice of Final Settlement.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors, heirs and legatees of John F. Souther, deceased, to appear in the Rush Circuit Court, held at Rushville, Indiana, on the 26th day of June, 1913, and show cause, if any, why Final Settlement Accounts with the estate of said decedent should not be approved; and said heirs are notified to then and there make proof of heirship, and receive their distributive shares.

Witness, the Clerk of said Court, this 6th day of June, 1913.

ARIE M. TAYLOR,

Clerk Rush Circuit Court.

S. L. Innis, Attorney.

June 7-14-21-28

Lawn Fertilizer. J. P. Frazee, Phone 1412. 68tf

Smoke FAIR PROMISE 5c Cigars

FRIEDMANN "CURE" DEPENDED ON,

MUST NOT BE GOVERNMENT SAYS

Report of Experts Is Unfavorable to Turtle Serum For Tuberculosis.

Sufferers Advised to Continue Use of Recognized Remedies For the Present.

THE government's first official report on Dr. Friedrich Franz Friedmann's turtle serum remedy for tuberculosis is not regarded as favorable to the German physician, whose declaration that he had a cure for the white plague was received with joy by thousands.

The report, which is based on findings of experts of the United States public health service, was read at the annual meeting of the National Association For the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis. The association met in Washington.

The report in effect warns the public against placing too much confidence in the Friedmann serum and advises tuberculosis sufferers to continue the regulation treatment prescribed by the best physicians today.

The opinion of the experts was announced after they had investigated thoroughly ninety-four cases of tuberculosis treated by Dr. Friedmann in New York. The result of the serum treatment in those cases "does not justify the confidence in this remedy which has been inspired by widespread publicity," in the language of the report.

This first official opinion from the government authorities was accepted at once by the association as just grounds for the passage of a resolution warning the people against being led astray by unproved claims.

Dr. Charles L. Minor of Asheville, N. C., opposed the action on the ground that it was not strong enough in condemning Dr. Friedmann and his methods.

Text of Resolution.

The resolution finally adopted by the association, which is composed of physicians and others who have been leading in the crusade against the white plague in this country, is:

Whereas, Widespread publicity has been given to the claims of an alleged cure for tuberculosis,

Resolved, That there is no information before the National Association For the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis to justify the belief that any specific cure for tuberculosis has been discovered which deserves the confidence of the medical profession or the people; and,

Resolved, That it is the duty of the public to continue unabated all the present well tried agencies for the treatment and prevention of tuberculosis.

The government's report was read by Dr. John F. Anderson, chairman of the board appointed to investigate the "cure." In his statement he detailed the history of Dr. Friedmann's visit to this country and the government's negotiations with him. Dr. Anderson said that Dr. Friedmann willingly furnished a culture of the organism in his serum, but declined to divulge the method of its use in the preparation of the remedy and would make no definite statement as to the antecedents of the culture.

Dr. Anderson paid a high tribute to the authorities of the New York hospitals for their assistance in impartially conducting the investigations. Up to April 15 ninety-four patients received the first injection, and it then became necessary to inform Dr. Friedmann that on account of the halting progress in the demonstrations the board was forced to limit its studies to these patients.

Few Second Treatments.

Dr. Friedmann was informed also that in the interest of the demonstration these patients should be seen by him with a view to giving such additional injections as he deemed necessary to effect a cure. Up to the time the report was prepared only five of these patients had received a second injection. The report continues:

"We believe that at the present time we are not in a position to express an opinion based on the present condition of patients under observation.

"The disease for which the remedy is used is prolonged and is characterized by periods of advancement and retrogression. It is also one in which psychic influences are a powerful factor.

"Time is therefore necessary in order to properly evaluate the effect of therapeutic measures.

"We must not lose sight of the possible therapeutic value of the preparation, and, on the other hand, it is necessary to guard against too great an optimism in respect to its merits. Without presenting in detail the condition of patients under observation we are in a position to state that the effects thus far observed do not justify the confidence in the remedy which has been inspired by widespread publicity.

"In our opinion, harm may have been done by this undue publicity in so far as it has lessened the confidence of tuberculous persons in well recognized methods of treatment or interrupted their use, and we are constrained to advise against any lessening of those well known measures which not only have effected cures, but which have reduced the incidence of the disease.

"We are aware that Dr. Friedmann does not wish to be judged scientifically on newspaper statements, and he would undoubtedly disclaim responsibility for certain of those which have appeared. Nevertheless it is on those that the public bases its opinion until replaced by reliable and unbiased sci-

entific pronouncements, supported by convincing data."

Dr. Minor, in discussing the question, said that he was told that this treatment came to America not through medical and scientific channels, but through a commercial publicity enterprise. He said that the fact that the "cure" had been smirched with commercialism was sufficient for the association to make a stand to protect the public.

"We know how much misery already has been produced," said Dr. Minor, "by the announcement of the cure—the high hopes that have been raised and sorely disappointed, the poor sufferers who have committed suicide through their failure to get the treatment. So, I say, this pseudo scientific remedy cannot be too severely shown up."

General Sternberg, former surgeon general of the army, moved the adoption of the resolution, declaring it to be prudent and said there was no evidence to justify a final decision.

Voters For Resolution.

Among those voting for the resolution were Dr. Meyer of Mount Sinai hospital and Dr. Miller of Bellevue hospital, New York city, in both of which institutions Friedmann patients are being observed by the government; Dr. Perkins of Providence, R. I., whose patients were treated by Dr. Friedmann, and Dr. Baldwin of Saranac Lake, N. Y., who, it is said, experimented with the Friedmann serum and discarded it ten years ago.

Dr. Friedmann was unconcerned, according to the New York Sun, when the report from Washington was read to him in New York city. He let it be known that he did not intend to worry over a preliminary report, which he thought was premature.

The Berlin doctor at first was inclined to disbelieve that Dr. Anderson had made an adverse report. He said that Dr. Stimpson of the public health service, whom he met at the Seton hospital, told him that it was very unlikely that such a statement would come from Dr. Anderson. When he finally did comprehend what the Washington officials had said he said:

"There is nothing to say to that. It is not the final report, which will be different. I don't see that Dr. Anderson has made any attack upon my remedy. What he does say is not positive one way or the other. And what is this National Association For the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis? I do not know it."

Further attempts to get Dr. Friedmann to express himself on government officials' attitude were fruitless. He seemed to regard the matter as insignificant.

Then he was asked what he thought of the claims of Professor Max Piorowski of Berlin regarding the latter's turtle culture for tuberculosis. Dr. Friedmann said that he had read the stories about it and added:

"That does not interest me. I will deny, though, that Piorowski ever worked in my laboratory or that we ever worked together. He did not get his turtle vaccine from me any more than I got mine from him. If he has worked independently and got a cure why all right."

Dr. Friedmann was just as uninterested when told that Dr. William Beattie was coming to America with enough of the Piorowski vaccine for the injection of a thousand patients.

"All right; let him come with enough for a million," he said.

This interview took place just after Dr. Friedmann had returned to New York city from Canada, where he treated some patients. He said he was very well pleased with the progress all his patients were making.

Talks of Patients.

"I went to Canada to look after my patients. I have come back here to look after my patients. My patients before everything else. My first care when I come back here is my patients. And they are doing just as I expected, the same improvement that has been seen everywhere," he said.

Physicians of Frankfurt, Germany, interviewed recently by a correspondent of the New York Times, declared that patients Dr. Friedmann treated at the Frankfurt Municipal hospital more than four months ago had not shown any beneficial effects from the turtle serum.

Professor Paul Erlich, discoverer of salvarsan, was also seen by the correspondent at the Royal Institute of Medical Therapeutics. He advised against judging Dr. Friedmann's remedy too quickly and defended Dr. Friedmann's course in selling the American rights to his serum.

In part Professor Erlich's comment was:

"Dr. Friedmann struck me as an earnest young man. His stanch adherent, Professor Schleich of Berlin, is a man of unimpeachable standing, whose support of any cause must demand for it serious consideration at the hands of the medical profession. If my tests of the Friedmann vaccine are somewhat delayed it will be partly because I have no human material at my disposal for experimental purposes and must confine my work to animals."

WILL DEMAND STATE TROOPS

Gary Fears Bloodshed at Coming Election.

RECENT PRIMARY CAUSES TALK

The Presence of Police at the Polls Created Much Resentment and the Unusually Heavy Vote Cast For Mayor Knotts, a Larger Vote Than All Presidential Candidates Combined Polled in Gary Last Fall, is Being Talked About.

Gary, Ind., June 14.—Shut out from the recent Democratic primaries by Mayor Knotts and the police, Castleman and Zawadzki, Democrats, are deliberating whether to go into court to obtain a new election or whether to form an independent Democratic party. Returns show that Knotts won the mayoralty nomination with 4,659 votes or more than were cast last November for Wilson, Roosevelt, Taft and Debs all together.

The Democrats then polled only 1,286 votes, yet at the primary 5,628 were cast, and the defeated candidates intend to use this argument to show how the police dominated the primaries.

Democrats arrested on charges ranging from resisting officers to circulating stories that money was paid for votes have been released. Asserting that bloodshed, an element in previous elections, will result in the November election if the police are used, several men of all parties say that a petition will be gotten up demanding that Governor Ralston send troops to guard the polling places on election day.

Mayor Knotts explained the excess of votes for him over the total votes cast in November was a mark of the general appreciation by all parties.

PLUCKY COLLIE'S GOOD WORK

Defending His Master, This Dog Kills Infuriated Bull.

Lawrenceburg, Ind., June 14.—William J. Gardeman, aged fifty-two, was seriously injured by a bull, and probably would have been killed had not his Scotch collie come to his rescue. The dog worried the bull to its knees and finally killed it.

Gardeman had gone to his pasture, when none of his family was near, and was attacked by the bull, an unusually large animal. The bull gored him a number of times and tossed him in the air. The collie was attracted and made a rush at the bull, seizing it by the nose. Mr. Gardeman crawled away, got through a fence and fell unconscious, where he was found several hours later, covered with blood. His flesh was torn and four ribs were fractured. The dog escaped without injury.

A SCENE OF RIOT IN ILLINOIS LEGISLATURE

One Representative Knocks Another Down.

Springfield, Ill., June 14.—Scenes of riot during which Representative Thomas N. Gorman of Peoria, Democrat, made a personal assault on the "dry" leader, Representative George P. Wilson of Quincy, Republican, broke up the session of the Illinois house of representatives last night. A bill providing for the closing of houses of prostitution by injunction was under consideration. Taking exception to a remark made by Wilson, Representative Gorman landed a blow on the point of Wilson's chin, laying him flat on the floor. Friends of Gorman declared Wilson was unduly active on the Democratic side and that when Gorman asked him what he was doing over there, told Gorman to "shut your damn mouth."

While a member was making a speech, Wilson had gone to the rear of the hall and was talking to several Democratic "drys," when Gorman, in a tone loud enough to be heard over the hall, called to him, saying:

"Get out of here, you piker—go back where you belong."

Wilson's reply was not loud enough to be heard generally, but when Wilson started back to his seat a few moments later he encountered Gorman. With one blow to Wilson's jaw Gorman knocked him down. In an instant things were in an uproar. It took the strength of half a dozen of the strongest members on the Democratic side to force Gorman back to his seat.

Moors Still Belligerent.
Tangier, June 14.—A band of Moors ambushed the advance guard of native cavalry in the force of the French Colonel Mangin near Tadia. Forty-five of the native troops were killed and nineteen wounded. Colonel Mangin's main force rescued the remainder and repulsed the Moors with severe losses.

King Christian has accepted the resignation of the Danish premier and the members of the cabinet.

J. A. GALLINGER

New Hampshire Senator Starts a New Lead in Lobby Inquiry.

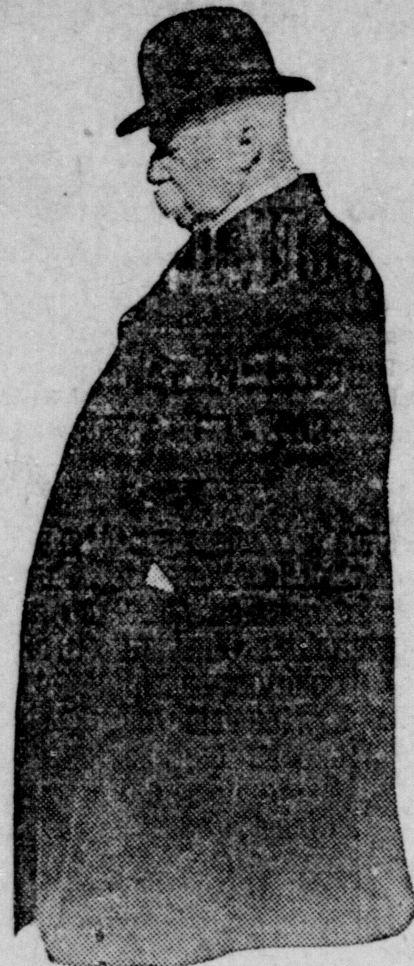


Photo by American Press Association.

INTERESTING FIELDS FOR INQUIRY OPENED

Lobby Probe Is Expected to Go Farther.

Washington, June 14.—A general probe into all the workings of lobbies and lobbyists will be the next move of the special sub-committee now investigating President Wilson's allegations that powerful and insidious influences have been working against the tariff bill. This was indicated by developments at an executive session of the committee. Thus far the committee has confined its efforts to the sugar and wool lobbying on the tariff bill, but it believes that there are more interesting fields for inquiry.

The inquiry opened with the examination of Senator Jacob H. Gallinger of New Hampshire, a Republican, and "father of the senate." Senator Gallinger furnished a sensation. He supplemented the attack made a few days ago upon President Wilson by Senator Townsend of Michigan, and told the committee that he thought the influences which President Wilson had brought to bear upon the Democrats of the senate were equal if not superior in force and in fact to the influences exerted by the opponents of tariff reduction by the publicity campaign, the endless chain letters and every other phase of outside influence.

Witness, in answer to Senator Nelson, said he impressed witness as serving to intimidate men against using their own judgment.

Chairman Overman, quite upset by the trend of the examination, inquired: "Do you think a member of the house or senate could be intimidated?"

"Oh, I hope not," said Senator Gallinger.

Elected New Superintendent.

Indianapolis, June 14.—Temple H. Dunn of Marengo, superintendent of schools at Marengo, was elected superintendent of the Indiana Soldiers' and Orphans' Home at Knightstown by the board of trustees. He will assume his duties July 1, filling a vacancy which has existed since May 1, when the resignation of the Rev. Daniel Ryan of Morristown, who had been superintendent a year, became effective.

Train Struck "Speeder."

Schneider, Ind., June 14.—The death of John Shaffer brings the death list resulting from an accident north of here up to two persons. Maggie Shaffer, five years old, daughter of George Shaffer, was instantly killed, her neck being broken, when a gasoline "speeder" was struck by a fast freight. Shaffer's injuries consisted of a left leg cut off and both arms broken.

Robbed Crowd of Miners.

Terre Haute, Ind., June 14.—Three masked men entered a supposed "blind tiger" at Shirkleville and held up the crowd of miners congregated there, obtaining about \$400 in cash and two or three watches.

WEATHER EVERYWHERE.

Observations of United States weather bureaus taken at 8 p. m. yesterday follow:

	Temp.	Weather.
New York....	60	Clear
Boston.....	64	Clear
Denver.....	46	Clear
San Francisco.	52	Cloudy
St. Paul.....	56	Pt. Cloudy
Chicago.....	82	Clear
Indianapolis..	84	Clear
St. Louis.....	82	Clear
New Orleans..	76	Clear
Washington...	76	Clear

Probably showers.

GERMANY TAXED TO THE UTMOST

Burden of the People Proving Too Heavy.

MONEY IS BEING DRIVEN OUT

Unwilling to Meet Demands of Government in Pursuit of Its Ambitious Military Program, People Are Sending Their Money Out of the Country to Escape the Exorbitant Taxes Imposed in the name of Militarism.

Berlin, June 14.—That conditions are critical, judges of Germany's money market and the financial situation admit. Mortgages which hitherto have been regarded as gilt edged are becoming daily more unplaceable. Money is difficult to get for first mortgages even at an appraisalment of 40 per cent of the value, while money for second mortgages simply cannot be obtained.

While Germany is no exception to the money stringency, there is a growing fear of a greater industrial crisis owing to the long credit upon which business is largely done and the inability to make collections. Locally it is only the concerted action of the banks that is preventing a disastrous collapse in the real estate and building markets, for which money is practically unobtainable, owing to the very unhealthy kind of building speculation.

Although there are 600,000 people in Berlin living in flats, many families of five and seven persons in flats of one room and a kitchen, there are over 80,000 vacant flats in the city. Many new blocks of flats are under foreclosure before they are finished and others are still unfinished because the builders are unable to get any more money. The Merchant Elders' recent report characterized the situation as hopeless. There were 1,188 foreclosures in the building and real estate market in the past twelve months.

Germany's losses from the depreciation of securities since the beginning of the Turkish war have been enormous. The banks do not dispute the fact that the new military tax of \$262,000,000 has already driven and will continue to drive money out of Germany to some place where it cannot be taxed. Men of large business declare that the taxes, the compulsory insurance of employees and the income tax altogether aggregate a burden exceeding 15 per cent of their incomes. A bill now before the reichstag includes an extra income tax for military purposes and exempts only incomes of less than \$750.

There was a new note of uneasiness this week when it became known that the Socialist party was agitating for a general political strike to compel certain electoral reforms.

Nobody appears to comprehend clearly all the factors which unite to make the situation so unfavorable, but there can be no doubt in regard to some of them. In the first place the Germans are still paying the penalty of Foreign Secretary von Kiderlin-Waechter's Moroccan expedition of 1911. French and other foreign loans in Germany which were called in at that time made serious demands on German financiers. The effects of this withdrawal are still felt and will be felt for some time to come.

In the second place Germany is facing war expenditures of \$250,000,000, and, added to the burden which this will place on the taxpayers, is the uncertainty as to the method of taxation. No one yet knows what his share will be. It would be too much to say that German financial leaders are pessimistic, but it is a fact that they are uncertain as to what the future is likely to bring. Until money is cheaper they do not expect any material improvement in the situation.

ABOUT READY FOR CAUCUS

Senate Committees Clearing Up Their Work on Tariff.

Washington, June 14.—Senator Simmons, chairman of the senate committee on finance, is hopeful of completing work on the Underwood tariff bill and have it ready for the party caucus next Wednesday.

Senator Simmons believes that the Democratic caucus will not require more than a week to dispose of the bill, which would bring it into the senate before the end of the week beginning June 23.

The Democratic leaders have laid out a strenuous program for the senate after it takes up the tariff bill. They intend to ask for a daily session lasting from 10 in the morning until 6 in the evening. Night session will not be involved at the outset, but may be later.

Somebody "Got" Bridgie Webber.

New York, June 14.—Bridgie Webber, who was one of the principal witnesses for the people in the trials of former Police Lieutenant Charles Becker and four gunmen in the Rosenthal murder, was stabbed in the back early this morning in a crowd on Second avenue near Eighth street. His wound is not considered serious.

Self-Incineration.

Terre Haute, Ind., June 14.—The coroner finds that Pearl Callimore, who was burned to death by gasoline, threw the fluid on his clothing and set fire to it.

With The Churches

—First Church of Christ, Scientist, will have their usual meeting at their room over the Farmers Trust Company. The lesson for Sunday is "God, The Preserver of Man."

—Regular services at St. Mary's Catholic church, conducted by the Rev. M. J. Lyons. Masses at 8:00 and 10:00 a. m. Sunday school at 2:30, and Vespers at 3:00 p. m.

—There will be preaching every other Sunday at the Glenwood M. E. church. Morning service at 10:30 o'clock, evening services at 7 o'clock and Sunday school at 9:30 o'clock.

—The Salvation Army—Holiness meeting Sunday morning at 10:30; Sunday school at 2:30 p. m.; Young Peoples meeting at 6:30 p. m.; Hallelujah wind up for the day at 7:30. Tuesday night salvation meeting at 7:30; Wednesday night, open air meeting; Thursday night, salvation meeting at 7:30 o'clock. Saturday night and afternoon open air meetings. All indoor meetings are held at their hall in South Pearl street.

—Little Flat Rock Christian church—Services each Lord's day at 11:00 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Preaching by the Rev. A. G. Sounders at every service unless otherwise announced. Bible school at 10 a. m. and Young Peoples meeting at 6:30 p. m.

—Preaching services at the Glenwood United Presbyterian church every Sabbath at 2:15 o'clock in the afternoon by Rev. A. W. Jamieson. D. D. Sabbath school at 1:15 p. m.

—Services will be held at the Methodist Episcopal church in New Salem every other Sunday afternoon.

—There will be preaching at the Orange Christian church Sunday morning by I. N. Grisso of Indianapolis. Subject, "Partnership with God." In the evening a fine Children's Day program will be rendered. Everybody welcome.

—A. E. Cory, a returned missionary from China, will occupy the pulpit at Main Street Christian church Sunday morning and Dr. Royal J. Dye, an African missionary will speak in the evening. Special music will be on the program at both services. Sunday school at the usual hour.

—"The Children and the Church" will be the topic of the sermon by the Rev. J. B. Meacham at the First Presbyterian church Sunday morning. Baptismal services will be held. The Children's Day program will be given in the evening by the little folk.

—The Rev. A. W. Jamieson has returned from Monmouth, Ill., and will conduct the regular services at the United Presbyterian church Sunday. All services at the usual hours. The Rev. Mr. Jamieson will also preach at Glenwood in the afternoon.

ALFALFA

Alfalfa should be sown by the 20th of July

Make Ready—Put out 3 or more acres and learn what it is worth. With hay worth \$10.00, a crop of Alfalfa would amount to from \$40.00 to \$60.00 per acre. Get some of the Highland Montana Grown Seed at E. A. Lee's. This is a very hardy variety and best suited to this climate.

We also have a few Cow Peas left yet. They should be sown by the first of July. Come and get a few and know their worth as a feed and soil restorer.

E. A. LEE

GUARANTEED Rubber Goods

A fresh supply just received from the Manufacturer and at prices that are sure to be right

See Our Window Display and Note the Prices

Every article in this line is Guaranteed to give Perfect Satisfaction.

F. B. JOHNSON & CO.

Drugs, Wall Paper, Paints, and Window Shades. Fine Picture Framing a Specialty.

FREE DELIVERY

PHONE 1408



A Full Line of
Conkey's
Remedies

Don't
Worry!
Conkey
Will Cure
Me

and all the Best
Stock Remedies
on Hand.

T. W. Lytle

Cor. Main & 3rd

Phone No. 1038

The Rexall Store

Purchase Advertised Articles.

DID YOU EVER TRY

A Want Ad?

"A Sure Thing and With Quick Results"

Will sell anything you have you do not want, or will rent that empty house or room. Telephone 1111 and the boy will collect later.

6%

4%

We are in a position to make
Farm Loans on the most favorable terms.

For the investor, we offer a
very desirable Guaranteed
Mortgage Certificate.

Farmers Trust Co.

3%

2%

The Daily Republican

The "Old Reliable" Republican Newspaper of Rush County.

Published Daily except Sunday by
THE REPUBLICAN COMPANY.
Office: Northwest Corner of Second and
Perkins Streets,
RUSHVILLE, INDIANA.

Entered at the Rushville, Ind., Postoffice
as Second-class Matter.

TELEPHONE NUMBER, 1111.

Saturday, June 14, 1913:



That "Loan Shark" Act

The "loan shark" act was heralded far and wide as a great aid to the common people in their warfare against a common enemy. The critics of the last general assembly have pointed out that instead of being a law to hold the "loan shark" in check, it merely gives them more of a field for their activity.

A correspondent to a neighboring newspaper believes that it is the most vicious piece of legislation that has ever been enacted by a Democratic legislature—that is not qualifying the statement very much either, because the Democrats of Indiana, since they have been in power, have placed some harmful acts in the Indiana statutes.

Persons, companies or corporations may pay a license of \$50 to the clerk of the circuit court, with a bond of \$2,000 to insure proper observance of the statute, and then be permitted to loan money under certain conditions in the county. The loans can not exceed \$250. Any kind of security can be taken except real estate security. Chattels can be mortgaged, or collateral taken to secure the loan. The rate of interest can be as much as two per cent per month, with a fee of \$3.00 added for an examination of the property.

The contributor points out that the Democratic party has always posed as the poor man's friend, but by this legislation it deliberately permits the "loan shark" to prey legally upon the poor when in dire need of small sums of money. Persons with only household goods, when sickness overcomes, will subscribe to any contract to receive aid for their loved ones. These sharks are ready to "lend the helping hand" for 24 per cent per annum, plus \$3.00. Our interest laws provide for six per cent per annum when no contract is made, and not to exceed eight per cent by contract. This law obtains where the license of \$50 is not paid. One law for the rich; another law for the poor. We want our Democratic brethren to rise and explain this new law. Will they? Can they?

Unjust Critics.

The present Democratic administration has been attempting to discredit the past Republican administrations at every turn when the only opportunity that party has had in fifty years was a failure. The most pronounced and unjust criticism is that made by the new postmaster-general on the administration of the

affairs of the department by his predecessor, Mr. Hitchcock.

Mr. Burleson has charged that there was a deficit instead of a surplus, notwithstanding the reports of Mr. Hitchcock indicating a surplus; and that the spirit and efficiency of the service were sacrificed to a policy of false economy to make a showing and then that the policy was changed to one of extravagance just before the Democrats came into power is the gist of the statement made public by Postmaster General Burleson on May 31. Also does Burleson charge that Hitchcock so juggled the books as to saddle on the Wilson administration increased expenses for months to come. This state of affairs was unearthed by the committee of department heads. The committee found that at no time since 1883 had the department shown an actual surplus and that in 1911 there was a deficit instead of a surplus.

A reply of these charges reached the ears of the public from Mr. Hitchcock recently in the form of a statement to the press given out at Silver City, N. M., says that the committee is composed of newly appointed assistants and calls them a "committee of novitiates." He asks by what right they presume to criticize experienced men and to enlighten the public as to the service it has received. He said that the wiping out of the deficit would stand in history and explained that the surplus would have been increased many millions if the tons of matter carried free for congressmen had been paid ordinary rates.

Another Immigration Bill.

President Taft vetoed the Burnett immigration bill on account of its literacy test. The real object of that test was to reduce immigration, and when the present Congress passes a new immigration bill means will be found to place some restrictions on immigration. Senator Dillingham has already introduced a bill that proposes to restrict immigration from any nation to 10 per cent of the total number of such nationality. The Vermont senator proposes in this way to reduce Italian, Greek, Turkish and Austro-Hungarian immigration.

Mr. Burnett has studied the subject a long time and from all angles on both sides of the sea, and when a new bill is prepared he will be pretty sure to put into it some of the knowledge he has gained in his long service on the immigration committee. He is now chairman of the House Committee, and the new bill will no doubt be the best that he has in the shop.

At last John J. Keegan of Indianapolis, the grand-standing member of the last Democratic legislature, has been recognized by the Indiana machine. The bosses selected a nice, fat job in the state house which pays \$2,500, with lots of cushions, and Mr. Keegan has fallen into it. It would seem, in the light of this appointment, that Mr. Keegan has been kicking up a lot of dust, but that he has never been able to make the machine realize that he amounts to something until now. Mr. Keegan will be remembered best because of the stir he created in the last legislature when he resigned because the lower house would not pass his women's eight-hour-day bill. He was a candidate for the Democratic nomination for mayor in the recent primary but did not finish very well.

Editorialettes

Thieves stole a Gary lawyer's lawn the other night and Mayor Knotts received more votes for the Democratic nomination for the same office in the primary Thursday than the combined vote for president of the four leading parties in the last general election—which are two reasons for not moving to Gary.

The Huntington Herald thinks that girls seem to be getting prettier year by year because we are getting to see more of them year by year and you may be your own judge in this matter.

We were only wondering, that's all, how Columbus friends could entertain for Miss Pain of Chicago, who is visiting there.

Anxious Reader—Yes, the water is still wasting at Harrison and Second. No, your wife must not use city water to wash the dust from the front porch. We refer you to our "Dust Eating" Council.

Something to Worry About.

The United States navy department has authorized the purchase of an extra hundred thousand pairs of shoes for the use of men on Uncle Sam's ships.

The custom has been to kick the under dog, but you might show your sympathy for him once in a while by kicking the upper dog.

Cantaloupes will soon be on the market, which is a waste of ink to print such news.

It is often declared that the circus clowns have just the same old jokes, but perhaps people wouldn't stand for it if they were asked to grasp some new ones.

People are now preparing to rough it in the country on their summer vacation by having a lot of new clothes made.

The only trouble with the three story skirt seems to be that the ground floor comes on top.

The Newcastle Courier imagines that Mr. Reed, lat of Knightstown, must be the fellow who put big in bigamist.

A half of the average man's life consists of owing debts he can't pay the other half in holding accounts he can't collect.

What Our Neighbors Are Talking About

A NEEDED REFORM.

(Rockville Republican.)

An idea of the effect of the proposed readjustment of representation in the republican national convention may be obtained from the following: "Under the proposed change the Republican vote east, instead of the population, would be the means of proportioning the delegate voting power of the states. Alabama, under the proposed appointment plan, would get 7 votes in the next nominating convention instead of 24; Florida 5 instead of 12; Georgia 9 instead of 28; Louisiana 5 instead of 20; Texas 11 instead of 40, and so on. Some of the increases would be as follows: Ohio from 48 to 69; Indiana from 26 to 43; Missouri from 36 to 43; Illinois from 58 to 75, and New York from 90 to 102." This is in accordance with exact justice. Ever since we can remember there has been more or less scandal connected with southern delegates. We recall that when Senator Sherman ran for the nomination for president the charge was made that southern delegates were bought by the agents. Since that time until the last meeting of the national convention there has always been talk about the corrupt southern delegate until he come to be more or less of a sordid joke. The only strange thing about it is that the republicans of the north permitted the wrong to exist as long as they did. But as there is an end to every road and as an evil long persisted in usually ends in disaster, so in this case. Theodore

Roosevelt utilized the southern delegates in forcing the nomination of Taft in 1908. In 1912 he also tried to do the same thing for himself. Out of this, in large part came the humiliating defeat of 1912. As men of sense republicans will permit it no longer. The south must be, will be, content with a reduced representation and northern republicans who furnish the votes will have more to say about the nominees. This reform is inevitable, whether it has anything to do with reuniting the disrupted party or not.

From The Suburbs

Frank Has Right Dope.

(Washington Post.)

Frank Hitchcock's claim that a bunch of novitiates couldn't possibly find out in three months all the things he didn't do in four years is pretty fair logic, at any rate.

Six Cents Looks Good.

(Boston Advertiser.)

The Colonel's experience has given a real impetus to lawsuits. A lady sues for her hair, a parson for his job, and the outlook for the lawyers is bright.

Know Where Not to Look.

(Kansas City Journal.)

That Lobby Investigating Committee seems to be proceeding as if afraid it might uncover something it does not want to find.

Exercise With Big Stick.

(Chicago Record-Herald.)

No, Senators and gentlemen, the President was not lobbying; he was only exercising the right to petition.

Shortage in Patriot Crop.

(Philadelphia Record.)

Lack of official residence and parsimony in salaries do not discourage aspirants to American Embassies.

Would be a Change.

(Detroit Free Press.)

If Rudyard Kipling becomes poet laureate England will at least have an official poet whose stuff is read.

Simple Diet of Hot Air.

(Omaha Bee.)

Vice President Marshall has a theory that the simple diet is a builder of happiness.

Will it be Taken at All?

(New York World.)

Despite ridicule, the Roosevelt bunch will never be mistaken for a milk-shake.

Undertaker Does the Rest.

(Boston Transcript.)

Suffragettes rush in where angels fear to tread.

P. O. S. OF A. WILL OBSERVE MEMORIAL DAY SUNDAY.

The Patriotic Sons of America will observe lodge Memorial Day Sunday. A program will be given at the lodge room in the afternoon, beginning at two o'clock, after which the lodge men will march to East Hill cemetery to decorate the graves of their deceased brothers. The program is as follows:

Prayer—Prof. J. H. Scholl.
Music—Lucas orchestra.
Recitation "Visions of War"—Miss Pauline Felts.
Music—Lucas orchestra.
Address—S. C. Wagoner.
Music—Lucas orchestra.
Prayer—Prof. J. H. Scholl.
Music—Lucas orchestra.

Smoke FAIR PROMISE 5c Cigars

Manilla to Take a Boom

Oliver & Wilkinson of Glasgow, Kentucky, have purchased some land from Mrs. Rose A. Jinnett and are plotting it into lots and are going to sell them at auction Saturday, June 21 at 1 p. m. Don't fail to come. June 10-12-14-17-19

Smoke FAIR PROMISE 5c Cigars

Oh yes sir! We do auto livery, day or night. E. W. Caldwell. Residence phone 1489 or Bowen's garage, 1364. 7316

SAYS OUR CANAL WILL BE USELESS

French Writer Pessimistic About Panama Ditch.

LOCKS NOT BIG ENOUGH.

Increasing Size of Ships Will Make It Impossible for the Biggest Vessels to Pass Through the Channel as It is Being Made Now, Avers M. Bunau-Varilla in His Book.

Philippe Bunau-Varilla has just published in France an interesting book of great bulk entitled "Panama—Its Creation, Destruction and Resurrection." This deals with the whole history of the enterprise from the most remote beginnings to the present moment.

He calls the book "a witness before the bar of history, explaining how the sublime creation of French genius was ravished from the patrimony of France and showing how French genius completely solved the problem of joining the two oceans."

In dealing with the international side of the question he expresses these views on the revolution which separated Panama from Colombia:

"Colombia may say today that this revolution was due to American protection. This is true if by protection is understood solidarity in justice to and in defense of legitimate interests. But it did not arise from a plot hatched by the American authorities. It developed through parallel movements working at two distinct places toward the same end—the completion of the canal."

"From the moment of the first revolutionary outbreak President Roosevelt was careful to avoid anything that might resemble unworthy collusion. Colombia may brandish her rights of title over the isthmus, but her case was that of Shylock claiming a pound of flesh. Shylock's rights were unquestionable, but it was impossible for him to support his claim. It is the same thing with Colombia's title to Panama."

The Sea Level Idea.

The author discusses what he calls the Bunau-Varilla idea—that of a lock canal first and then a sea level canal. He points out that the date is still unfixed for beginning the work of transforming one into the other and says that it should be done immediately, as no precautions were taken for the transformation during construction of the locks.

"The engineers have obstinately refused to make the necessary modification for the application of my method of transformation, which would permit a gradual discarding of the locks without interrupting navigation or dredging at great depths. Four or five years will be necessary for this preparatory work to get into swing before the upper levels of the canal can begin to be lowered, while the transformation itself will take ten years to carry out."

Under the most favorable conditions, says the writer, the lock canal will be no longer workable in twenty or twenty-five years, perhaps after only fifteen. It is absolutely necessary, he asserts, that it be turned into a free strait for the following reasons:

"First, because the difference between the dimensions of the largest ships now building and the locks are at most eighty feet in length and eleven feet in width, which is merely a strictly necessary margin. Thus in a few years' time the locks will be inadequate to the needs of military and commercial navigation."

"Second, because the canal must at the earliest possible moment be relieved of the menace of destruction now overhanging it through the dangers to which the Gatun Dam is exposed."

Ditch May Leak.

"Third, because of the danger that the canal will lack sufficient water because of its escape through fissures in the banks."

"Fourth, because the huge volume of traffic which will eventually thread the canal will absolutely require a free waterway."

The book has been received with great interest in Paris.

German experts continue to express doubts of one kind or another on the Panama canal question. The latest writer in a current magazine declares that the canal will already be partially antiquated when opened because the locks are too small.

A comparison of the Panama locks with those of the new Kaiser Wilhelm canal shows the length of the Panama locks to be 305 meters as against 330 for the Kaiser Wilhelm, the breadth 33.33 against 45, the depth 12.4 against 13.77.

The writer comes to the conclusion that the future is much more favorable for the Suez than for the Panama canal and declares that this may explain the striking fact that England took no part in the more recent competition for building the American canal, leaving the matter entirely to France and the United States.

A Judge's Blunder.

In Paris a poor workman, whose sole treasure was a Guarnerius violin made in 1715, went to sleep in a cafe and somebody stole the instrument. He complained to a magistrate. When he told that the violin was worth \$24,000, which was true, the magistrate decided he was crazy and sent him to jail.

Origin of Word "Hoosier."

What was the origin of the word "Hoosier?" In many parts of the country the word is used as an unpleasant epithet, meaning farmer in an insulting sense. Indians are proud to call themselves Hoosiers and their state "the Hoosier state."

Many attempts have been made to explain the origin and meaning of the name, says the reliable New York Evening Post, but all have failed to prove convincing or even wholly plausible. A new account—or rather the earliest of all—has recently come to notice, which appears to possess at least some of the qualities which have been missing in the other.

Indiana acquired statehood in 1816, the year following the downfall of Napoleon. Soon afterward, a Polish officer who gave his name as Col. Lehmanpowski, came to the United States, drifted westward and finally settled within the borders of the young state. According to his story, he had served in many campaigns under the great captain of whom he was an enthusiastic admirer, and had made a narrow escape from execution at the hands of the restored Bourbons. (Incidentally, it may be remarked that he declared Marshal Ney also had escaped and come to this country in 1815.)

Lehmanowski's admiration of his old commander led him to prepare a series of lectures on his campaigns, which he delivered in various places. He is believed also to have been the author of a "Life of Bonaparte," now very rare, which was published in Salem, Ind., in 1818.

In his account of the wars he had, occasion often to mention the exploits of the light cavalry known as Hussars, which had originated in the fifteenth century in Hungary. Pronounced with a long "u" and spelled with one s, which in the Magyar tongue has the sound of sh or zh, the word in his mouth became hoozhur or hoozhar, and often repeated it became familiar to his neighbors, who, however, shifted the accent to the first syllable.

For some time the word thus introduced had no special application, but in the late twenties the digging of the canal around the falls of the Ohio river at Louisville, attracted many laborers from Indiana as well as Kentucky. Naturally, in such an assemblage, there were many physical encounters. The victor of one of these fights, an Indian from Salem, proudly shouted:

"I'm from Indiana, I am." And then recalling the colonel's tales of picturesque cavalry, added, "I'm a Hoozhar." The name thus impulsively adopted became current and like many another has persisted long after its real origin was forgotten.

Want Column

TO LET—Ten room house on West Third street, 15c. gas, newly papered. Homer Cole. 8013

TO LET—Nice cottage, No. 424 North Sexton street. See Homer W. Cole. 8013.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Tile Factory, running every day, 7 acres, house of 5 rooms, all complete, paying investment; good reason for selling. Homer W. Cole. 8013.

WANTED—Flag returned that was borrowed from The Republican Co. Marked by word "Moses" in corner.

WANTED—Flag returned that was borrowed from The Republican Co. Marked by word "Moses" in corner.

Best by Test, Fair Promise 5c Cigar

Potato Spraying

Those desiring their potatoes prayed must let me know at once. Call Phone 1562 or by card. C. M. Iall. 7412

Best by Test, Fair Promise 5c Cigar

Don't buy water for bluing. Liquid blue is almost all water. Buy Russ Bleaching Blue, the blue that's all blue.

Best by Test, Fair Promise 5c Cigar

This Year Next Year

What next year brings forth for you depends largely on what you bring forth THIS year.

A little money saved this year means more next year. Your worldly success hangs upon your saving powers.

To start your account now at the Rush County National Bank. Get the plan in action that will spell success for you. Why wait.

The Rush County National Bank

Rushville, Indiana

L. LINK, President, W. E. HAVENS, Vice President
L. M. SEXTON, Cashier, B. L. TRABUE, Asst. Cashier

ORDERED FRAME BUILDING RAZED

State Fire Marshal Compelled Owner
to Tear Down Structure in
Business District.

WAS MENACE TO PROPERTY

Persistent And Systematic Crusade
of Inspection Will Reduce Fire
Danger to Minimum.

One of the first acts of the inspection department of the state fire marshal's office was an order requiring an owner to tear down a frame building in the business district of Indianapolis.

It was found to be a menace to the substantial business buildings which adjoin it and, under the new law, the state fire marshal is given authority to order the building razed.

Inspections have also been made in a few other Indiana cities and orders later issued by the fire marshal concerning the repair or demolition of buildings have been accepted with good grace by property owners.

In fact, the owner of the Indianapolis building called on the fire marshal and said to him, "if I were state fire marshal I might have ordered the building torn down myself."

The property in question is in West Ohio street, between Meridian and Illinois streets, close to the Indianapolis Public Library. Years ago, before business had traveled north from Washington street, Ohio street was a residence street.

When business crept into it some of the residences were torn down or removed to make way for business buildings. In some cases, however, merely a front was built, running from the sidewalk back to the residence, and connecting the two. It was this way in the case of the Ohio street property.

Back of the two-story brick front, sits the old frame residence of years ago. It is dilapidated and is a great menace because of the fire hazard. The owner will tear it down and, within a reasonable time will undoubtedly build a new modern building on the site.

Thus two distinct advantages are gained. The owner and surrounding property owners are relieved from a dangerous fire hazard, and the city will gain a new building—which will enhance realty values.

At Evansville an abandoned abattoir, which endangered surrounding property, came to the attention of the State fire marshal. An order was issued which will result in the frame portion of the building being torn down. The brick portion will be repaired. The city will distinctly be the gainer.

At Tipton, at the suggestion of the fire marshal, a building will be torn down and a new one will be built by its owner.

This is merely the beginning of a persistent and systematic crusade of inspection which will be carried on by the state fire marshal's office. In time many hazardous conditions will be removed and the danger from fire minimized.



We are Ready With a Bigger and Better Display of Men's Suits

Men who have been pleased with our splendid showing in former seasons will find even better selections than before.

Come and see the many particularly attractive models for men of conservative tastes, as well as our smart models for young men.

\$15.00 to \$25.00

Wm G Mulno
MEN AND BOYS CLOTHING
RUSHVILLE, INDIANA

Personal Points

—Mrs. Ed. Geraghty visited in Indianapolis today.

—John Jopling of Franklin is the guest of friends here.

—Gladstone Barrett of Bloomington will spend Sunday here.

—Frank J. Hall transacted business in Indianapolis today.

—Mrs. Margaret Yunker was a visitor in Indianapolis today.

—Albert E. Sellars of Hanover, Ind., is the guest of friends here.

—Will C. McColgin has returned from a short stay at French Lick Springs.

—Mrs. S. T. Hastings of Seattle, Washington, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. William Offutt, in East Sixth street.

—Mr. and Mrs. John Higgs will spend Sunday in Connersville the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm Holmes.

—Mrs. E. L. Higgs and daughter went to Shelbyville this afternoon for a visit with her sister, Mrs. Thomas O'Neil.

—The Misses Frances and Margery Geraghty went to Columbus this

afternoon for a short visit with Mr. and Mrs. J. Frank Marshall.

—W. M. Masters of the DeGoller Construction company will spend Sunday with his family in Seymour.

—Miss Cecil Eakins of Raleigh, left yesterday for Chicago, where she will attend domestic science school this summer.

—Miss Dorothy Thomas of De Pauw university is home to spend the summer vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Thomas.

—Connersville News: Mrs. Paul Harris of Rush county attended the reception given at the home of Mrs. George R. Carter, yesterday afternoon, honoring Miss Doris Kline.

—Mrs. Will Meredith and sister, Mrs. Manford Stevens and son Wilbur returned from Adrian, Mich., last evening where they attended the commencement exercises of Adrian College.

—Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Miller and daughter, George Sticker and Fred Krebs of Shelbyville were the guests yesterday of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Prill in the southern part of Rush county.

—Mrs. John Green and son, Cyrus have returned to their home in Manilla after attending the commencement exercises of Sewanee Military Institute at Sewanee, Tenn., where Cyrus Green was graduated.

—Mrs. Taylor Lakin and Mrs. Albert Winship were the guests yesterday in Shelbyville of Mrs. John Horst, who sustained a broken limb when the porch swing at her home fell. She is recovering slowly.

—Mr. and Mrs. Birney D. Spradling arrived in Plainfield Thursday from a few months' trip through the West, where they visited friends and relatives in several cities. They are expected here this evening for a short visit with Mr. Spradling's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ed Spradling. It is probable Mr. and Mrs. Spradling will locate in a western city.

Smoke FAIR PROMISE 5c Cigars

PALACE

3 Reel Feature 3

"The Law of the West"

(Not a War Drama but a Good Western)

SONG.

The Ghost of the Violin

PRINCESS

"Where You See The Best"



Alice Joyce and Tom Moore in

"The American Princess"

A Classy Society Drama. (Kalem)

Gwendolyn Pates in

There She Goes

A Sure Good Comedy

TUESDAY

BIOGRAPH—Two Reel Special

Amusements

The Princess will show a Kalem drama, "The American Princess" for the first picture tonight. Alice Joyce and Tom Moore are featured in this production and it is said to be a classy picture. The other is a comedy entitled "There She Goes."

The Palace will show a three reel feature tonight entitled "The Law of the West." It is a western drama and is said to be a thriller.

TAKES POISON BY MISTAKE.

William Hart, living at the south edge of Knightstown, is believed to be in a critical condition as the result of taking a corrosive sublimate tablet by mistake yesterday. He thought he was taking medicine for a common ailment. There is a bare chance for his recovery.

Society News

No place in the county has there been a more enjoyable and elaborate function this season than the one at the home of Mrs. Ean Inlow, of Manilla Thursday afternoon, the occasion being a meeting of the Manilla Embroidery Club, says the Shelbyville Democrat. The popular organization observed guest day, each member being allowed the privilege of inviting one friend. Including the members, thirty-two women were present to enjoy the afternoon.

The hostess had taken great pains that nothing was left undone for the pleasure of the guests and everyone present pronounced the event one of the most enjoyable functions they ever attended.

The rooms of the home had been tastefully decorated with the colors of the club—pink and white. Flowers of the season in the club colors were in abundance.

Music, short talks by the members and guests furnished the diversion for the afternoon and the meeting will be one that all will hold dear in their memories. The embroidery contests was the feature event and proved to be much enjoyment to the guests. Each member was given a piece of embroidery and was asked to work on it for a half hour. The one doing the most and neatest work winning the favor. Mrs. Marshall Henton of Rushville, formerly of Manilla, was awarded first favor, a hand embroidered dustcap, and Miss Lucy Inlow was given second favor, a fancy wash rag. A guessing contest also furnished quite a little amusement.

Refreshments consisting of ice cream, cake and strawberries were served by the hostess, the color scheme being carried throughout.

GOUGH GRANTED DIVORCE.

Joseph Gough of Knightstown was awarded a divorce yesterday in the Henry circuit court by Judge Jackson from Nancy J. Gough. He charged that his wife had abandoned him.

INDICATIONS FOR BIG WHEAT CROP

Largest Yield Since 1901 is Expected

Providing Weather Conditions

Continue Favorable.

THE OATS CROP WILL BE SHORT

Providing weather conditions and other things are favorable from now on until harvest time, the largest wheat crop harvested since 1901 will be harvested this fall, according to the June crop report of the United States department of agriculture.

A wheat crop sufficient to mill more than 160,500,000 barrels of flour will be harvested. Government experts estimate that the year's yield will be 744,000,000 bushels, of which 492,000,000 bushels will be winter wheat—a record for this crop—and 352,000,000 bushels will be spring wheat. Favorable growing conditions up to this time and the fact that the acreage of wheat this year is the third largest that was ever planted in this country, account for the prospect of one of the largest yields of many years.

In spite of the fact that there was an increase of over one percent in the oats acreage this year over last the crop will be short. The condition of the crop on June 1 was below the ten year average.

CHERRY TREE VICTIM.

Russell Martin, age fifteen years, son of Mr. and Mrs. Ira Martin of St. Paul, fell from a cherry tree in the yard at his home yesterday and was painfully injured. He was impaled on a picket fence fifteen feet below. The attending physician does not understand how he escaped with such slight injuries, although there is still danger of complications arising.

Best by Test, Fair Promise 5c Cigar

BLOCK SYSTEM LAW HELD VALID

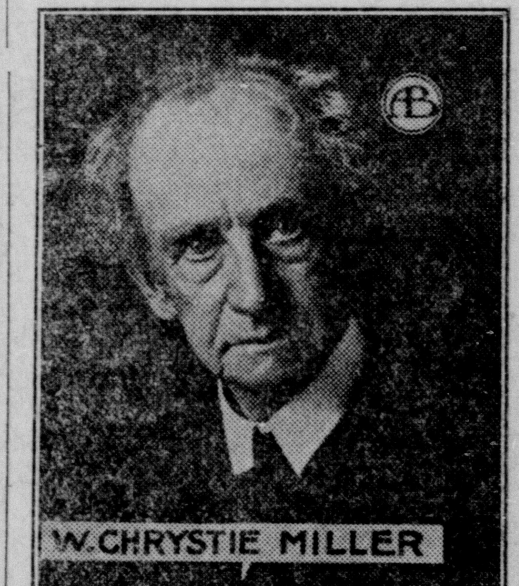
Continued from Page 1

investigate facts and conditions and situations, and apply and enforce the general law with reference to the situation as found.

Judge Remster said he was not impressed that the act in question comes within the class of cases giving administrative officers personal and arbitrary power, though there might be ground for argument on that question.

As to the argument that the amendment is void because it amends a void law, Judge Remster said the law had been held void for uncertainty, and that, in his judgment, an amendment to such a law is valid. He said if the law had been held void on constitutional grounds it would be different, but that such was not the case.

Best by Test, Fair Promise 5c Cigar



"The Little Tease"
PRINCESS TUESDAY

**6% Dividends
on Savings**
Building Association No. 10
Open Saturday from 9 to 5 p. m.
Office at Farmers Trust Co

"Everything New That's Good in Shoes"

Now Is the Right Time
to Get Your Shoes

Not Flooded Shoes But
Flood Prices

One lot Men's Low Shoes in Patent and Gun Metal, Button or Blucher...	\$4.00 quality for	\$3.00
One lot Men's Low Shoes in Patent and Gun Metal, Button or Blucher...	\$3.50 quality for	\$2.50
One lot Men's Low Shoes in Patent and Gun Metal, Button or Blucher...	\$3.00 quality for	\$1.98
One lot Boys' Low Shoes in Patent and Gun Metal, Button or Blucher...	\$3.00 quality for	\$1.98
One lot Boys' Low Shoes in Patent and Gun Metal, Button or Blucher...	\$2.50 quality for	\$1.48
One lot Men's Reg. High Shoe in Pat. and Gun Metal, Button or Blucher...	\$4.00 quality for	\$2.98
One lot Men's Reg. High Shoe in Pat. and Gun Metal, Button or Blucher...	\$3.50 quality for	\$2.48
One lot Men's Reg. High Shoe in Pat. and Gun Metal, Button or Blucher...	\$3.00 quality for	\$1.98
One lot Men's Reg. High Shoe in Pat. and Gun Metal, Button or Blucher...	\$2.50 quality for	\$1.78
One lot Ladies' Reg. High Shoes in pat. and gun metal, but. or blucher...	\$4.00 quality for	\$2.98
One lot Ladies' Reg. High Shoes in pat. and gun metal, but. or blucher...	3.50 quality for	2.48
One lot Ladies' Reg. High Shoes in pat. and gun metal, but. or blucher...	3.00 quality for	1.98
One lot Ladies' Reg. High Shoes in pat. and gun metal, but. or blucher...	2.50 quality for	1.48
One lot Ladies' Low Shoes in patent or gun metal, blucher...	3.50 quality for	2.68
One lot Ladies' Low Shoes in patent or gun metal, blucher...	3.00 quality for	2.28
One lot Ladies' Low Shoes in patent or gun metal, blucher...	2.50 quality for	1.68

FOR CASH ONLY

We don't say just how long these prices will last. You had better come in while we have your size.

Reardon's Shoe Store, 115 W. Second St., Rushville

CH&D

First Excursion of Season to Cincinnati on Sunday, June 15, 1913,

Train leaves Rushville 7:50 a. m.
Returning leave Cincin. 7:00 p. m.
Returning leave Hamilton 7:35 p. m.

BASEBALL
Cincinnati vs. Boston

Fare, Round Trip,
Cincinnati, \$1.40
Hamilton, \$1.10

Don't buy water for bluing. Liquid blue is almost all water. Buy Russ Bleaching Blue, the blue that's all blue.



solve the water problem for the country home. Easy to operate and keep in order, made of the most durable materials by workmen who have made pumps and pumping a life study. Sixty years the standard.

Send for Free book
"Water Supply for the Home"
and study your case.
Goulds make the largest line of hand and power pumps in the world—from \$3 to \$300. The name "Goulds" is cast on every genuine Goulds pump.
Buy under this name and you get the best pump made.
Rushville Plumbing and Heating Company
311 Main St. Phone 1338



**Traction
Company**
January 19, 1913.

AT RUSHVILLE			
PASSENGER SERVICE			
West Bound	1:37	East Bound	2:20
R 4 58	2:59	R 5 45	3:42
R 5 37	3:37	R 6 20	4:20
*6 59	3:57	*7 04	4:42
7 37	4:04	*8 20	5:42
7 54	5:37	9 42	6:06
9 37	*7 09	10 06	7 42
*10 59	7 37	11 42	*8 20
11 37	9 07	*12 20	10 20
*12 59	11 00	1 42	12 50

Light face, A.M. Dark face, P.M.
*Limited. *Connorsville Dispatch
R Starts from Rushville
x Makes local stops between Rushville and Connorsville.
Additional Trains Arrive:
From East, 11:57 From West, 9:20
EXPRESS SERVICE
Express for delivery at stations carried on all passenger trains during the day.
The Adams Express Co. operates over our lines.
FREIGHT SERVICE
West Bound, Lv 9:50 am ex. Sunday
East Bound, Lv 5:35 am ex. Sunday

Dr. R. J. Hall D. V. S.

All Calls Answered Promptly
Special attention to immunizing
Hogs by the Purdue simultaneous
method. Phone 3308.
At Oneal Bros. on Saturdays

EYE, EAR, NOSE
AND THROAT.

GLASSES FURNISHED.



DR. F. G. HACKLEMAN

DR. J. B. KINSINGER
Osteopathic Physician

Office in Kramer Building, Rushville, Ind. Outside calls answered and treatment given in the home.
Office hours—8:30 to 11:30 a. m.; 1:30 to 4:30 p. m.
Phones—Office, 1578; residence 1281.
Consultation at office free

PLAN TO CREATE A GREAT RIVER

Western Banker Would Reclaim
Arid Lands by Channel.

BLACK HILLS TO CIMARRON.

Originator of Scheme Suggests Use of
Panama Canal Machinery in Digging
Course of the Stream Across Vast
Plains—Many Interested in Project.
Results Outlined.

Much interest has been created in the west by the suggestion of J. C. Hopper, president of a bank at Ness City, Kan., that a new artificial river be created through the great arid plains of western South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas and Oklahoma.

The plan in brief is to use the Panama canal machinery to dig a river running from the Black Hills in South Dakota to the Cimarron river in Oklahoma, crossing other rivers on viaducts. This in itself is a stupendous undertaking, but one that could be accomplished. By emptying into the Cimarron river, which in turn pours its waters into the Arkansas just above Tulsa, Okla., the matter of navigating the Arkansas would be helped to a great degree, as it would double the volume of water in that river.

The Rocky mountains, 600 miles west of the main channel, form the source and west watershed terminus of the Missouri river, the largest and longest tributary of the Mississippi. Paralleling these mountains is a broad plain 300 miles wide by 700 miles long, containing 200,000 square miles of the richest, deep, fertile soil to be found in America.

Almost a Desert.

This vast area, now the home of the jack rabbit, prairie dog and the prairie wolves, with its eastern border dotted with farms and cattle ranches and the cunning American pushing over its broad expanse, attempting to carve out homes, presents a panorama only appreciated by those who have traveled over the territory.

Here is an empire, rich in every element that goes to make up happy and prosperous American homes, save only one—water—yet the average rainfall of eighteen inches, added to the annual freshets of the accumulated winter snows that race down through this country on the way to the sea, carries death and destruction for those who live on a half million acres of lowlands. If these flood waters could be stopped in this semiarid region and used for irrigation, chaos would be turned into order, destruction into helpfulness.

If a plan can be inaugurated to hold these flood waters this vast territory, now containing but three people to the square mile, now producing only rough feed for cattle, would invite twenty-five more people to the square mile from the crowded east, turn hundreds of thousands of American consumers into producers and thus reduce the high cost of living.
Here is a territory comparatively level, where whole congressional townships can be turned into one field without the loss of an acre. Sections of land are so level that, standing upon one corner, a man can be seen on any part of the section. Yet the engineer's compass reveals the fact that as you approach the mountains the increase in elevation is seven feet to the mile. This rise in elevation, together with the smooth treeless surface, conveys very rapidly the rains that fall into the small rivulets, hurrying the water east on its way to death and destruction.

Flood Prevention.

It has been amply demonstrated that channel improvement alone for flood prevention is a failure; that dikes cannot be built high enough or strong enough to confine the waters to their natural channels. It is time to turn to something else—that is, the construction of reservoirs into which the surplus water may be turned and from which it may be taken for the purpose of irrigating the dry lands and for making power, a universal need in the industry of the country.

Build a system of artificial lakes, beginning at the Black Hills, in South Dakota, extending through the states of Nebraska, Kansas and Oklahoma, made by the damming of the numerous streams traversing this country; connect these lakes by an artificial river. Thus a flood in the north can be conveyed down this great canal, distributed into the different lakes and reservoirs so formed, thus using the once dreaded and destructive flood waters for the service of man, while the lowland farmer tills his soil without fear of molestation.

The dams constructed across the several rivers would be so arranged as to let the water pass as needed to regulate the channels of navigable rivers, thus promoting commerce. As the water needed passes through the engineer's aperture in the dam power can be taken for the creating of electricity for general use.

The artificial lakes formed would be stocked with fish, feeding the thousands of people who would live in this country. As a further prevention of flood waters the borders of these lakes would be set to timber adapted to this country, and while this would assist in holding back the waters it would serve as great parks and forest reserves for the pleasure and elevation of the people.

WOMAN FOUGHT IN CIVIL WAR

Took Part In Forty Battles,
According to Records.

LIVED IN SOLDIERS' HOME.

She Worked as a Chauffeur, and an
Accident Caused Her Sex Secret to
Become Known, but It Was Kept by
Friends Until Her Removal to an
Asylum.

The commitment to the Illinois Asylum For the Insane at Jacksonville of "Albert" D. J. Cashier, sixty-nine, revealed that the patient, a native of Ireland, a veteran of the civil war and for nearly a year an inmate of the Soldiers and Sailors' home at Quincy, is in reality a woman.

Her real name is unknown, her actual identity wholly lost in the passing of several decades, so, although her sex is established as feminine, she must remain on the books entered in the masculine designation she has successfully carried through more than three-score years.

Her history shows that she came to America as a stowaway during the first years of the civil war. To accomplish this she put on male attire.

From that time she had never worn anything else until now that her true character has been discovered she has been transferred from the men's to the women's pavilion and made to wear skirts.

Was a Volunteer.

It is known that when a call for volunteers was made in 1862 she presented herself at a recruiting station at Belvidere, Ill., on Aug. 6 and was duly accepted and enlisted as a member of Company G, Ninety-fifth Illinois infantry, under command of Dr. E. N. Bush. Bush died in battle two years later.

She saw real action. She participated in the bloody battles and skirmishes preceding the fall of Vicksburg and was present when Grant's army triumphed there. In all, "his" war record shows that "Albert" D. J. Cashier participated in forty battles and skirmishes.

Veterans who recall "him" always spoke of Cashier as a dashing young Irish soldier, as impetuous and fearless as the traditions of "his" race would imply. She never, however, suffered a wound.

Colonel J. O. Anderson of Quincy admits that when the woman was admitted to the home he was aware of the secret of her sex, but says Miss Cashier was old and in want, and as there was no question of the war service that the woman had given to the country he could see no reason for withholding from her the benefits of the home. So he agreed to keep the matter of her sex entirely in confidence.

Worked as a Man.

It was not entirely unknown, however, for the woman had taken a place with ex-Senator L. M. Lish as a chauffeur. One time the automobile had got out of order, and Cashier crawled under it to tinker with the mechanism. The engine started suddenly, and one of the rear wheels passed over the woman's right leg, breaking it. At the hospital her sex became known.

She so earnestly pleaded with the ex-senator and the surgeon and nurse that they agreed to keep the matter secret.

She pointed out that in all her life she had never done woman's work, had always acted and labored like a man and could not in her old age be expected to change her ways.

Scandal Caused Resignation.

London, June 14.—Captain Elliot Crawshaw Williams, M. P., private secretary to Chancellor of the Exchequer Lloyd George, who is named as correspondent in the divorce suit of Mr. Carr-Gemmett, M. P., against his wife has decided to resign his seat in parliament.

Paterson Strikers Hold Firm.

Paterson, N. J., June 14.—The strikers are responding to the appeals of their leaders to maintain the picket lines, and it is figured that not more than 1,000 of the 25,000 strikers have returned to their jobs since the trouble began.

Another Aviator Killed.

London, June 14.—Naval Lieutenant Kennedy, who is an aviator, was killed in the Brooklands aerodrome while flying as a passenger with Gordon Bell, the airman. Bell was severely injured.

Long Speech Wins Support.

A bill introduced in the English house of commons by Viscount Wolmer to remove all restrictions from women in the practice of law gained many supporters when Miss Linda-Hageby made a nineteen hour speech in one of the law courts, conducting her own case and cross examining witnesses.

Postal Cards to Be Green.

Hereafter Uncle Sam will have green postal cards. Postmaster General Albert E. Burleson has so ordered. Foreign countries print cards of the lowest denominations in green. Mr. Burleson ordered a similar color to help foreign born Americans who are familiar with the green card.



FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS

FOR BACKACHE-RHEUMATISM
KIDNEYS AND BLADDER
RICH IN CURATIVE QUALITIES—NO HABIT FORMING DRUGS.
F. B. JOHNSON & COMPANY



LOOKING FOR A PLACE TO LIGHT

Several Congressmen and Senators
Who Deserted Republican Party
Are in a Quandry.

CASE OF BRISTOW IS CITED

Kansas Statesman Refuses to State
Where he Stands—Cummins
With Party.

A Washington dispatch says:

Some of the public men who wandered off with the bull moose party last year are finding themselves in a rather embarrassing position. One of these is the senior senator from Kansas, Joseph L. Bristow, whose term will expire March 4, 1915. He wants to come back to the senate, and the question that he must decide shortly as whether he will enter the race next year as a Republican or a bull mooser. Just now those men in Kansas who remain loyal to the bull moose cause are trying to "smoke him out."

William Allen White, who acts as a sort of general press agent for the bull moose cause in the state of Kansas, is taking the leading part in the "smoking out" process. The other day he put out a statement with the hope and expectation of getting a response from the senator, but so far Mr. Bristow has remained silent.

Close friends of Senator Bristow here say that he would not have a ghost of a show for re-election should he run as a bull moose, and they say he knows this. "The fact is the senator is in a bad plight," said one of his friends today. I imagine he regrets that he did not stick to the Republican party last year. I think he must realize that if he is to come back to the senate, he must coax the progressives and the Republicans in Kansas together.

Men who were active in the bull moose party last year no longer attempt to conceal their knowledge of the fact that the new party is rapidly disintegrating. It is asserted by persons who have gone to the trouble of making careful inquiry that at least one-half of the men who voted the national ticket of the Progressive party last fall have already lost interest in the movement. One man who has occupied an important part in the activities of the party up to this time said today that if it were not for the influence of Roosevelt the party would go out of existence within the next year. This man predicted that as long as Roosevelt insisted on the party organization be-

ing maintained, a good many of his followers would stick to him.

"However, it is not possible for Roosevelt to hold the rank and file of the new party," said this man. "Our information is that a great many men who voted the Progressive ticket last year are now inclined to go with the Democratic party, or as some people would put it, 'the Wilson party.'"

Senator Cummins of Iowa, is another man prominent in public life who, to use a slang phrase is "trying to save his bacon." The position he occupies with reference to the present situation is slightly different from that occupied by Bristow, for he (Cummins) not only got one foot out of the Republican party last year. Of course, he says that he did vote for Roosevelt for president and supported the Republican state ticket in Iowa. There is this to be said for him, however in connection with the present situation: He is now out and out for the Republican party, provided he can bring about a reorganization that will suit him. Indeed the probability is that he will stick to the party, whether he gets the sort of reorganization that he wants or not.

There might be compiled a somewhat lengthy and interesting list of men who will have to be hunting new political homes, if the Progressive party shall cease to exist. At least one man whose name would go in this list has been a president of the United States, several have been sena-

tors, others have been governors, and still others have served in the house of representatives. Very naturally they are doing all they can to keep the breath of life in the new party.

Be sure and be on hands at our big lot sale at Manilla Saturday, June 21 and hear the good music, make a good investment and have a good time. It's a treat to hear our auctioneers. Oliver & Wilkinson
June 10-12-14-17-19

Henley Camp Opened.

The Henley Camp will be opened June 1 until November 1 by Jimmy "Do" Adams. All parties desiring rates for the week or ten days, call "Henley Camp," St. Paul telephone, or mail rural route Milroy. Everything furnished. Good boating, good fishing. 52t36.

Come to Manilla Saturday, June 21 to the big lot sale and make an investment that you will be proud of. June 10-12-14-17-19

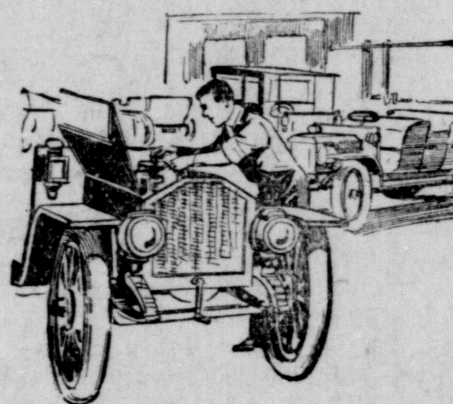
Don't buy water for bluing. Liquid blue is almost all water. Buy Russ Bleaching Blue, the blue that's all blue.

A big lot sale at Manilla Saturday, June 21, 1913 at 1 p. m. Don't fail to be on hands. Brass Band will furnish music.
June 10-12-14-17-19

TRIVIAL TROUBLES

with your car should not be neglected. In fact it must not be if you want to avoid the risk of ruining your costly machine later on. An auto is like a watch. Damage to the smallest part is as important as injury to the largest. So if you even suspect your auto is not in perfect condition for safety and economy's sake send it here at once for overhauling.

WILLIAM E. BOWEN
Phone 1364.



FARM LOANS

Made on Terms, to Suit Borrower. No Delay. Phone 1147.

B. F. MILLER

FIRE and TORNADO INSURANCE

ABSTRACTS OF TITLE
FIDELITY AND SURETY BONDS
BURGLARY INSURANCE

GEORGE W. OSBORNE

805 Main St.

Telephone 1236

The Perfect Construction of a Buggy Depends on the Small Details

That is why our buggies are the ones that give long road service. Every small detail is looked after. There is not a screw or a bolt left out that would add strength to any part. No pains or material spared to make these buggies the best that can be built. Look at one of them and you will see that it is braced in every place that would give it added strength. Every place that is in the habit of breaking on other vehicles is re-enforced on the buggies we sell and there is just as much difference between a vehicle we sell and the other kind you see as there is between a tailor-made suit of clothes and a cheap manufactured one, because every buggy we sell is built to our own special specifications and that is how we get the road service. By experience we have learned where to re-enforce a buggy to make it wear. If you want a buggy that is built right, looks right, and is right in every detail of construction, we want your business.

Will Spivey, At Oneal Bros.

MONUMENTS! MONUMENTS!

Our stock of monuments this season, surpasses anything we have heretofore carried, embracing a neat selection from the modestly plain to the elaborately carved from model designs.

An order for a monument placed now will insure its erection for Decoration Day.

The Products from the numerous quarries in the Barre, Vermont, district vary, not alone in color, but also in quality of stock. Who selects yours?

Montello and Millstone granite are of one uniform quality, the highest grade of monumental granite quarried.

J. B. SCHRICHTE SONS

THE MADDEN BROTHERS CO.**MACHINISTS****REPAIR WORK IS OUR SPECIALTY**

Have your old Machinery repaired and made good as new. Steam and Gas Engine Repairing a Specialty. Call and see our St. Mary's Semi-Automatic Gas and Gasoline Engines before you buy. 2½, 4 and 7 horse power. BUILT FOR HARD SERVICE ON THE FARM.

We Grind and Sharpen Lawn Mowers, Mowers, Sickles, Plow Points, Cutter Knives, Etc.

Phone 1632.

517 to 519 West Second Street.

DAILY MARKETS

The local elevators are paying the following prices for grain today, June 14, 1913:

Wheat	95c
Corn	53c
Oats	34c
Rye	50c
Timothy Seed	\$1.20
Clover Seed	\$7.00 to \$8.00

The following are the ruling prices of the Rushville market, corrected to date—June 14, 1913:

POULTRY AND PRODUCE.

Geese	5c
Turkeys	12c
Hens	12c
Spring Chickens	20c
Ducks	8c
Butter	18c
Eggs	16c

Want Ad Department

Advertisements under this head are charged for at the rate of one-third cent per word for each insertion. The same ad will be placed in the Indianapolis Star and Daily Republican at the combined rate of one cent per word. Found articles of small value will be advertised free of charge.

HAVE YOU A DISEASE?—You have been unable to cure. Our recipes and formulas to manufacture home remedies has cured thousands. No pay if not cured. Write college of Chemistry, Danville, Ill. 801L.

FOR SALE—30 acres, 4 room house, summer kitchen, tubular well, big barn, plenty fruit.

130 acres, Rush county, \$105 per acre.

No. 333 East Tenth street, house 6 rooms, plenty fruit. Price right. 1035 North Harrison street 5 room cottage. Send for list of farms.

T. M. Offutt, 248 North Main St. Rushville, Ind. 801L

FOR SALE—Young Hampshire sows. Bred for fall farrow. Dr. F. G. Hackleman. 77f6

WANTED—A delivery boy by Bee Hive Department Store. 77f6

LOST—white and black spotted hound, with tan ears. Notify Henry Miller, R. F. D. 11. Reasonable reward. 76f4

FOR SALE—a \$40.00 guitar in first class shape. Can be bought cheap. Call at 126 West First St. 75f6

FOR SALE—Sweet Potato plants, also late Cabbage, Tomato and Celery plants in any quantity. F. Windeler. 58f24

FOR RENT—Modern residence 217 West Fifth street. S. L. Trabue, Attorney. 23f6

FOR RENT—Modern six room cottage with basement, hot and cold water. Entirely new. Good garden. Phone 1572. 52f6

FOR RENT—5 room house, furnished if desired. 309 East Seventh street. 78f6

ROBERT L. HENRY

Head of House Rules Committee
Would Renew Money Trust Probe.



© by American Press Association.

SOLDIERS HAVE LEFT BLOODY STRIKE ZONE

Martial Law Order Lifted in West Virginia.

Charleston, W. Va., June 14.—Governor Hatfield at last has lifted martial law from the battle-scarred strike zone lying between the tortuous creeks amid rugged mountains in the Kanawha coal fields where, according to the governor, over 100 lives have been lost. The senate sub-committee returning last evening from their inspection trip, saw from their train the last soldiers at Pratt loading their tents on hand wagons for shipment.

The state continued its strenuous legal struggle before the senate committee to establish its case for the necessity of martial law in the war zone by showing the courts were powerless to act, a contention as strenuously controverted by counsel for the United Mine Workers.

At the close of the testimony on this point Senator Borah declared he was convinced of the necessity of martial law to end the continuous bloodshed and insurrection, but the fact remained that as some indictments had been found and no effort made to convene a special grand jury, the courts were open for the trial of military prisoners. Sheriff Smith's testimony partly sustained the senator's view. He admitted that he could with military aid have served processes, secured witnesses and brought them to Charleston for trial. He, however, believed they could not have had a fair trial at the time, owing to the intensity of public feeling on both sides of the strike controversy.

Illinois Town's Serious Loss.
Bridgeport, Ill., June 14.—A pan of gasoline in a blacksmith shop started a fire that for several hours threatened to wipe Bridgeport off the map. The two main business blocks were destroyed before the fire burned itself out. The loss in buildings and stock will total about \$500,000.

TERSE TELEGRAMS
Two men lost their lives in a \$25,000 fire which swept the heart of the village of Liberty, N. Y.

President Wilson has named William E. Gonzales of South Carolina to be minister to Cuba, and Benjamin L. Jefferson of Colorado to be minister to Nicaragua.

M. Hobbema's "A Woody Landscape," signed and dated 1661, brought \$78,750 at a sale in London. George Romney's portrait of Anne Lady De La Pole, brought \$206,850.

George H. Armstrong of Philadelphia was elected president of the Travelers' Protective association in convention in Richmond, Va. Houston, Tex., gets the next convention.

The agitation over the anti-alien laws of California is subsiding in Japan, on a general realization that a broader question, the question of race, is involved which it will require time to solve.

The attempt to place the new \$12,000,000 4 per cent German imperial loan and the Prussian loan of \$43,000,000 has resulted in failure. Not more than 60 per cent of the loans was subscribed for.

British cabinet ministers have been absolved by the parliamentary committee from all blame in connection with the scandals alleged to have surrounded the contracts between the British government and the Marconi wireless company.

Bennett Simmons, an eighteen-year-old negro, was taken from jail in Andover, Okla., hanged to a tree, his body saturated with oil, riddled with bullets and then burned. He was charged with assaulting a sixteen-year-old white girl and then cutting her throat.

WEIGH BLANKS—in book form neatly bound. For sale at the Republican Office. 7f

OLD PAPERS—Nice clean newspapers—5 cents a large bundle at The Daily Republican office. 7f

SCRATCH PADS—4½x7, for sale at the Republican office at 5c. per pound. Convenient and cheap for figuring and memorandums.

HEAVY PAPER FOR CARPETS—The Republican has a good supply of heavy paper 35x48 for use under carpets. Will sell cheap at ½c a pound.

FIGURING PADS—For the desk and counter, 4½x7, for sale at the Republican office at 5c. per pound.

PUT BACK PEDAL ON THIS MEASURE

Democratic Leaders Hostile to Henry's Design.

MONEY TRUST INVESTIGATION

Movement Inaugurated by Texas Representative to Renew Work of Pujo Committee and Make Another Inquiry Into Wall Street Methods Has Thrown Democratic Camp Into Confusion, and It Will Be Fought.

Washington, June 14.—Confusion reigned in the Democratic camp here when Representative Robert T. Henry of Texas, chairman of the house committee on rules, presented a bill designed to pave the way for a renewal of the inquiry into the so-called money trust.

In a statement accompanying the bill Mr. Henry declares that Wall street conspirators are back of the present movement for banking and currency legislation and that "their only aim is to pass the Aldrich bill veneered over so as to fool the people."

Whether Mr. Henry intended it or not, his bill and the accompanying statement are accepted as a declaration of war by radical Democrats on the administration plan to put through a banking and currency revision bill at this session of congress.

The bill introduced by Mr. Henry gives committees of congress the same visitational powers over national banks and other financial institutions exercised by the courts and the comptroller of the currency.

The leaders are hostile to a renewal of the money trust investigation and will do everything possible to have the Henry bill pigeonholed in the banking and currency committee, to which it was referred. Mr. Henry announced, however, that he would make every effort to have the bill reported. If the committee refuses to act Mr. Henry may appeal to the caucus. Such a course would undoubtedly open up the question between the radicals and conservatives in such a way as possibly to defeat the plans of the administration.

Mr. Henry in his statement says: "The introduction of this bill means that I think further investigation of the money trust should be immediately begun. The Pujo committee barely scratched the surface of the facts underlying the concentration of control of money and credit."

"With that investigation scarcely begun, the comptroller of the currency shielding the great banks and their questionable dealings from exposure, the Wall street bankers are now demanding legislation on the currency question in order that they may make a market for their commercial paper (much of it based on rotten securities) and have currency issued on their assets."

"The Baltimore platform said nothing about currency legislation except to repudiate aid for defense of the Aldrich currency bill. It did, however, demand a systematic revision of the banking laws so that we might have protection from control or domination by what is known as the money trust. The Democratic doctrine is that all paper which is made a legal tender for public and private debts or which is receivable for dues to the United States 'shall be issued by the government of the United States and shall be redeemable in coin.' This has been the Democratic faith since the foundation of the government, and I stand squarely for that doctrine. I am utterly opposed to the banks issuing or controlling the currency in any guise. There is positively at present no need for an emergency currency bill. The Aldrich-Vreeland bill is on the statutes and has a year to live. It certainly suffices for that length of time."

"No sort of currency legislation should be thought of for an instant at this session except in connection with the recommendations made by the Pujo committee."

"I warn the people that the Wall street money trust is pushing its propaganda throughout the country for currency legislation so that they may get the right to issue or control the currency and take that function away from the government."

TRYING TO FIX THE BLAME
An Investigation of Causes Leading to Disastrous Wreck.

Stamford, Conn., June 14.—An investigation of the causes of the collision on the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad Thursday afternoon, which resulted in the death of six persons and the injury of a score, has been begun. Charles J. Doherty, the engineer of the second train, asserts that he did all he could to avoid it, but that the brakes, on which he relied, failed to work. With equal determination the declaration was made on behalf of the railroad officials that their investigation proved conclusively that the brakes were in perfect condition and that the engineer simply disregarded the signals that warned him of his danger.

Mike Gibbons of St. Paul stopped Young Ahearn of Brooklyn in the fourth round of their fight at New York.

Making Profit

We certainly expect to make a reasonable profit on everything we sell. If we did not, we would close up shop. But mind you, we said reasonable. Some grocers want big profits, but then they are satisfied with few sales. We run our business on a different basis; small profits, often repeated. We are satisfied, our customers are satisfied to save money on good quality groceries—so everybody is satisfied.

Fred Cochran, Grocer
105 W. First St. Phone 1148

**Kill the Rats**

You are not always able to SWAT the rat but with our RAT Paste, made and sold only by us, you will be able to rid your premises in One Night.

The Paste That Kills

"The Store for Particular People."

Hargrove & Mullin-Drugs
Quality First

**The Whole Family**

will eventually have their shoes repaired at Al. T. Simmes after one member of the family has given us a trial. Here you will obtain the best quality leather, your work will be done in a jiffy, neatly, reasonably and satisfactorily. We have all kinds of bows and straps and neverslips for low shoes.

Simmes' Shoe Repair Shop

Shining Parlor in Connection

216 N. Main Street

FARM LOANS

Renewals or New Loans

Tax Exempt Gravel Road Bonds and Bank Stock

A. C. BROWN

Office Phone 1637 Over Aldridge's Grocery Residence Phone 1256

IN THE STUD**Posey Stock Farm**

ESS H. KAY, No. 01187

2:00¾, PACER

Winner of the two-minute pace for two years at Lexington. Holds the world's record for two heats paced by a stallion, 2:03¼, 2:02¼. 15.3 hands high, weighs 1100 pounds, black with white points. \$50.00 cash or note to insure a mare in foal.

BINGEN HALL, (2) No. 51676

2:27¼, Trotter

Sired by Walnut Hall 2:08¼, sire of the Harvester 2:01. Dam Young Miss, dam of Bingen 2:06¼, he is the sire of Ulan 1:58, world's champion trotter. 15.3 hands high, weighs 1150 pounds. Bay with one hind ankle white. Good show horse as well as speed. \$25.00 to insure a live foal, money due when colt is foaled.

WESTERN HORSEMAN, (3)

2:21¼, Trotter

15.2 hands high, weighs 1050 pounds, a show horse with class. Black. \$15.00 to insure a mare in foal.

AVENGER, 6640

IMPORTED ENGLISH HACKNEY.

Dark Chestnut, white offhind fetlock. Weighs 1300 pounds. Breeder, W. Forrester Addie, Powis Castle Park, Welshpool, England. Sire, General Gooden 2094. Dam, Queen of the Valley 8402 (Vol. XII), by His Majesty 2513. He was foaled in 1901. \$15.00 to insure a living colt.

CHYPRE, 1084

BELGIAN DRAFT STALLION.

Chypre is a bay, weighs 2,000 pounds. \$15.00 to insure a living colt.

KENTUCKY PRIDE

LARGE SPANISH JACK.

Dark Brown Jack with a mealy nose. One of the best and surest of breeders. His colts are uniformly large and fine. \$10.00 to insure a living colt.

The above stallions and jack will make the season at The Posey Stock Farm, ½ mile west of Rushville. If mare or mares are disposed of without our consent, service fee is due at once. Horses trained and colts broke at reasonable rates. For information, call Phone 1152, or see

Dagler Bros. Props.
POSEY STOCK FARM. RUSHVILLE, IND.

RAISE \$30,000 IN COLUMBUS

Foreign Missionaries Who Are Here
Have Great Success With Pro-
ject This Week.

TO BE A CHRISTIAN CHURCH

Are Working on Million Dollar Cam-
paign to Make Church World
Power in Mission Field.

The foreign missionaries who will fill the pulpit at the Main Street Christian church Sunday and who will talk at the fried chicken banquet in the church basement Monday evening for the members of the official boards, and their wives, of the Rushville, Arlington, Morristown and Connersville churches, have arrived here from Columbus where they have conducted a successful campaign for a week. Of their stay there the Columbus Republican says:

About \$30,000 was pledged here since last Sunday by the "team" of foreign missionaries who are rising \$1,000,000 to be used in making the Christian church a world power in the foreign missionary movement. The various missionaries who have been here engaged in this work all left for Rushville today. From there they will go to Frankfort and thence to Anderson. They expect to have their million-raised within the next few days.

When the team came here an announcement was made that \$950,000 of the \$1,000,000 needed was pledged. They secured about \$30,000 here which leaves them but \$20,000 more to pledge. No announcement was made as to who gave to the fund here or the individual amounts subscribed. No contribution of less than \$500 was accepted.

A. E. Cory, of Nanking, China, who has charge of the present work, was called to Cincinnati for a conference Thursday night and he will join the others at Rushville later. D. O. Cunningham, of Hurda, India, received a telegram Thursday informing him that he had been given a fellowship at Harvard and he will spend a year doing special work there before he returns to his mission station.

Mr. Cory, Mr. Cunningham, Prof. Kershner, of Manila, P. I., all spoke at the prayer meeting service at the Tabernacle Christian church Thursday night. The service was held in the church auditorium to accommodate the increased attendance. Mr. Cory said he felt that a great deal of good for the foreign missionary

work had been done in this city during the past few days and he declared that if not a cent had been pledged he would have felt that he and his associates were amply repaid for coming.

HAS APPEARANCE OF VERY FAST HORSE

Ruby Light Goes Mile in 2:12 Being

Driven by William Wilson—

Others Steping.

DAGLER'S GREEN TROTTERS

Will Wilson worked the pacing mare, Ruby Light, 2:11½, a mile in 2:12 the last half of which was in 1:04, says the Western Horseman. This mare has the appearance of a very fast mare. If breeding has anything to do with making good race horses, she should make good, being sired by Aerolite, 2:07¾, while her dam was the great brood mare, Bertha (dam of 13, including C. The Limit, 2:03¼, Don Derby, 2:04½, etc.), by Alcantara. She goes without a bit of rigging. Lucile Wilson went a mile in 2:12½, nicely.

The Dagler Bros. are busy at the Posey Stock Farm, Rushville, Ind. The horses are working nicely and one of the best is a green trotter by Simmore that was not broken until last winter and now steps in 2:33½, quarters in 33½ seconds and eighths in 16¼ seconds, and never makes a break. The balance of the horses have worked from 2:30 to 2:25. A recent addition to the training stable is Girlie Gordon by Gordon Prince, a three-year-old pacer of promise.

Mart Wilson has a pretty shifty green trotter in the gelding, Little Harry, by Kellar Thomas. He has acted the part of a good trotter ever since he was started to work this spring, and last week he went a nice mile in 2:15¼ for Mart. The trotting mare, Silver Sue by Onward Silver, 2:05¼ also looks like a mare that would do some good for Wilson. She has been in 2:18, with some left. Elwood C., a green trotter by Major C., 2:04, has worked in 2:22, Aileen Patchen, a green trotting mare by Simmore, in 2:23, and the green pacer, Admiral Dewey II has been in 2:19½, with the last half in 1:06½.

ENTERTAINED.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Miller, colored, delightfully entertained a few friends at 6 o'clock dinner Thursday evening at their home northeast of the city. Those present were: The Misses Ida Miller, Fannie Miller, Fannie Mae Ramey, Cora Mae Smith and Mrs. Lizzie Adams, Sarah Brown and Robert Brown of Superior, Wisconsin.

LOCALS READY FOR SHELBYVILLE

Rushville Team Confident of Winning

From Reserves and Large
Crowd Will Accompany Team.

NEW FACES IN OUTFIELD

Increased Interest Shown in Contest

—Avery and Moran Will Fight

it Out.

The Rushville team will go to Shelbyville tomorrow confident of winning from the Reserves, the representative team of that city. The locals have been greatly strengthened since last Sunday and with an even break of luck should win from Shelbyville. The greatest improvement is in the outfield. Halterman will either pitch or play in left field, Harris will be seen in right and Pierce will play in center field. All are great sluggers and are expected to show Moran, the Shelbyville pitcher "up." Halterman will be ready to relieve Avery in case Shelbyville looks dangerous. The infield will contain one new face, a third baseman, whose name is not known. Walter Coombs will play first, Cook, second and Klenk as usual will play short. Mattern will do the catching. From all indications a large crowd will accompany the team.

Concerning the game the Shelbyville News says: As the day approaches nearer and nearer the interest in what it brings becomes more intense. For several days every baseball fan in the county has been eagerly looking forward to Sunday afternoon, and when that time comes the eyes of every lover of the great American game will center on Oldfield park where the much looked forward to game between the Shelbyville Reserves and the Rushville team will be played.

Manager Brunner, of the local team received a telegram Friday evening from Rushville bringing the information that the Rushville team will come accompanied by about three hundred rooters, and from this it may be seen about how much attention the contest is attracting in Rushville.

A spirit of rivalry has long existed between Rushville and Shelbyville baseball teams, and the representatives of the two towns will engage as if in mortal combat Sunday in their effort to settle their old feud.

Rushville will come here expecting to win the laurels from the Reserves. During this week three new and fast players have been added to the Rushville team, and with this greatly strengthened line-up he will have the victory clinched for his athletes. Chick Avery, the boy who defeated the local team last season will be in the box for Rushville.

Realizing that it will be a battle hard fought from start to finish the Reserves nevertheless have confidence in their ability to take proper care of their end of the game and have the larger score in their favor when the last out is made. They will have on the mound their old standby, Jack Moran.

The largest crowd yet assembled this season is expected, and manager Brunner has made special preparations to handle an unusually large one.

ORPHANS' HOME HEAD IS NAMED

Continued from Page 1
seventy-three boys and girls are enrolled at the institution.

"I thought until I met Mr. Dunn that I was just about the youngest survivor of the civil war who enlisted as early as 1861," said Luther Short of Franklin, president of the board of trustees, who is 68 years old.

Other members of the board are Daniel F. Mustard of Anderson, David Strous of Rockville and Mrs. Ida S. McBride of Indianapolis.

The Peoples National Bank

We are fully equipped to give the very best service in all Departments of Banking and invite our friends and patrons to call and see us at our temporary place of business.

The Peoples National Bank

"The Accommodating Bank"

TEMPORARY PLACE OF BUSINESS

East Second Street, Opposite the North Court House Entrance
RUSHVILLE, INDIANA.

The Peoples Loan and Trust Co.

In the growth of business the work of a Trust Company is ever expanding, and there are many ways in which we may be of assistance to our customers. We shall be glad to have you consult with us on any business matter at any time.

The Peoples Loan and Trust Co.

"The Home For Savings"

SCHEDULE CALLS FOR TWO GAMES

Sunday School League Will Stage

Two Contests Next Week—One

Wednesday and one Saturday.

LEAGUE IS STILL IN DEBT

The teams in the Sunday school baseball league are all out after the scalp of the Big Flatrock bunch after their performance here last Wednesday when they defeated the Methodists by a safe margin. The haypitchers were the "dark horses" of the league until the game last week. They will appear here again next Saturday when the Christians take them on. The schedule calls for two games next week, the other one to be played Wednesday by the Methodists and Presbyterians.

No admission is charged for the league games but a collection is taken at each game to help defray expenses. The league is still in debt as it costs money to buy balls and other playing paraphernalia, and to pay ground rent. The owners of the Rushville team did not ask any rent but the league felt that it should pay. People who attend the games are asked to bring a small offering so that expenses can be met.

The diamond ring, valued at \$250, given away by the Traveling Millinery Men's association of Indianapolis was awarded to M. A. Steffin of Indianapolis. Several local men were interested in the contest.

THE GREAT NATIONAL GAME

Here Are the Current Scores in the
Three Big Leagues.

National League.			
W. L. Pct.	W. L. Pct.	W. L. Pct.	W. L. Pct.
Phila. 31 13 705	Pitts. 24 26 480		
N. Y. 27 19 587	St. L. 22 29 431		
Chi. 27 24 529	Boston 20 26 435		
Brook. 23 22 511	Cin. 18 33 353		

At St. Louis			
Philadelp.	0 0 3 1 0 0 0 1	5 10 1	
St. Louis	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2	2 6 0	

At Pittsburgh—			
New York	0 1 0 1 0 0 0 1	3 14 0	
Pittsburg	0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0	2 7 2	

At Cincinnati—			
Boston	4 0 0 0 0 2 0 0	6 10 1	
Cincinnati	0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0	4 8 0	

At Chicago—			
Brooklyn	0 0 0 5 0 0 0 1	0 6 9	
Chicago	0 0 3 1 0 1 0 0	7 11 2	

At New York—			
Detroit	0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0	2 6 3	
New York	0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1	* 4 7 2	

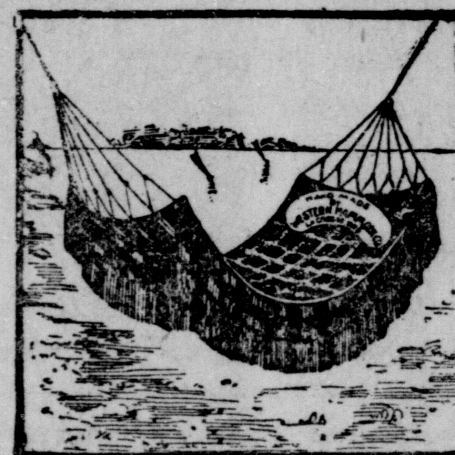
At Philadelphia—			
Cleveland	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	2 8 1
Phila.	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 2 8 1

At Boston—			
St. Louis	0 1 0 0 0 0 5 0 0 0 0 0	6 13 2	
Boston	0 0 0 0 1 1 2 1 0 0 0 1	7 12 1	

At Washington—			
Chicago	1 0 4 0 0 0 0 1 0	6 8 0	
Washington	0 0 2 0 0 2 0 0 0	4 9 3	

At Indianapolis, 5: Kansas City, 7.			
At Columbus, 7: St. Paul, 3.			
At Louisville, 3: Minneapolis, 7.			

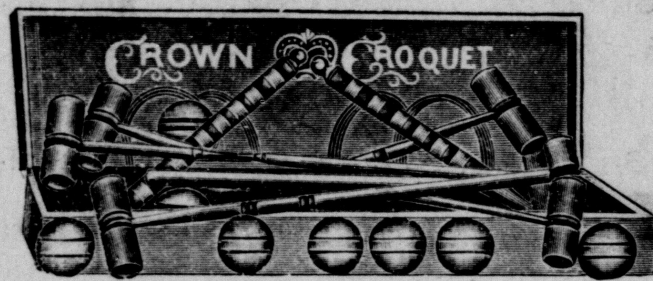
At Toledo, 7: Milwaukee, 2.			
-----------------------------	--	--	--



Hammock Sale SPECIAL \$1.00

Just received the most beautiful assortment of Hammocks ever brought to Rushville—White, tan, black, and white assorted colors—Our special \$1.00 Hammock. Our regular \$1.25 Hammock runs in mixed colors only.

CROQUET SETS



The season is bigger than ever and they are all playing it. Don't fail to see our line before you purchase. From the cheapest to the best.

STANDARD AND PROFESSIONAL SETS

70c to \$2.00

THE 99 CENT STORE

Where You Buy For Less

North Main Street

PRE-INVENTORY RUG SALE

We finish taking stock by July 1, and our Rug stock which we find too large must be reduced by that time. You're the gainer if you'll take advantage of prices quoted below

\$22.50 Seamless Velvet Rugs 9x12 now	\$15.98
\$25.00 Seamless Velvet Rugs 9x12 now	\$17.85
\$25.00 Axminster Rugs 9x12 now	\$17.85
\$30.00 Axminster Rugs 9x12 now	\$23.75
\$30.00 Axminster Rugs 11-3x12 now	\$23.75
\$32.50 Axminster Rugs 11-3x12 now	\$26.50
\$35.00 Axminster Rugs 11-3x12 now	\$28.50
\$37.50 Axminster Rugs 11-3x12 now	\$31.50
\$22.50 Seamless Tapestry Rugs 11-3x12 now	\$16.95
\$16.50 Seamless Tapestry Rugs 9x12 now	\$12.95
\$27.50 Best Body Brussels Rugs 9x12 now	\$23.75

Corresponding Reduction on all Small Rugs
SALE PRICES CASH ONLY

Kennedy & Casady

PHONE 1143

PICTORIAL PATTERNS

FRESH SALT RAISING BREAD FRESH MILK

FRESH CAKE, 5 KINDS

If it's something to eat you want we have it.

L.L. ALLEN, Grocer

Phone 1420

327-329, Main St.

WE GIVE J&K GREEN TRADING STAMPS

SHOES FOR YOU

We want YOU to wear a pair of our shoes. How can we persuade you to do so? You know that you have to exercise better judgment in the selection of your shoes than for any other part of your attire. We know that we have to do the most critical and deliberate buying to procure just the shoes that you should have. We are doing that very thing—are you?



Style and service do not always find a home in the same shoe. Hundreds of satisfied customers testify that they do in the J. & K. Queen Quality, and Wright and Peters for Women; and Bostonians for Men.



The greatest variety in up-to-the-minute styles, colors and leathers awaits you here—for the man—for the woman—for the child. We will fit you perfectly or not take your money. That's the proposition. Try us once. We are slightly overstocked on some lines of Men's and Boys' Shoes. It will pay you to investigate the prices.

48 pairs of Shoes, Stetson make, for men in patent colt, button and blucher styles—sizes 6 to 10—widths B and C. The original price was \$5.00
To close \$2.98

60 pairs of Low Cuts, Stetson make, for Men, in patent colt, button and blucher styles, were \$5.00
To Close \$2.98

THE MAUZY CO.

The Corner Store

The Daylight Store